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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The Indian Appropriation bill finally passed the House, and the political debate was transferred to the District of Columbia bill. —— The Teller resolution was discussed in the Senate, and it was agreed that at 6 P. M. to-day a vote will be taken on the resolution and the amendments thereto. —— The public prosecutor, at Madrid, demands sentence of imprisonment upon Gen. Weyler. —— Miss Rives, the young Southern authoress, is in a sanitarium for treatment. —— H. G. Ewart has been appointed U. S. District Court Judge for Western North Carolina. —— Spaniards report the killing of the insurgent General Aranguren. —— The Spanish Minister of Marine has ordered the fleet to concentrate at Cadiz; a Madrid correspondent says it has been decided to concentrate the whole Spanish fleet at Havana. —— The Kurds are devastating Armenian villages. —— A hurricane at Odessa caused enormous damage to shipping. —— Managers of the Chicago wheat clique claim to have possession of all the surplus wheat in the country. —— Wheeling Iron and Steel Company have reduced wages of employes; four hundred men are out on strike. —— The feature of the annual banquet of the National Association of Manufacturers in New York city was an address by President McKinley. —— Officials of various railroads had a hearing before the N. C. Railroad Commission concerning the proposed reduction of passenger rates. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 5 15-16; flour was strong and higher; wheat—spot strong; No. 2 red $1.07½; corn—spot firm; No. 2 36½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm at 33½@34½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 27.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 33 deg.; 8 P.M., 46 deg.; maximum, 50 deg.; minimum, 33 deg.; mean, 42 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 1.40.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A light low area is developing over the upper Mississippi valley. A high barometer area central over Mississippi covers all other sections of the country with fair weather prevailing generally. It is moderating over the south, but still continues cool over the eastern portion. Temperatures are slowly rising elsewhere.

The Cape Fear river is rising rapidly at Fayetteville, N. C., a stage of 14 feet being reported at 8. A. M.

Local forecast to 12 midnight, Friday: Continued fair weather, slowly rising temperature, westerly to variable winds.

Port Almanac---January 28.

Sun Rises	7.03 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.23 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 20 M.
High Water at Southport	12.08 .A M.
High Water, Wilmington	1.47 A. M.

A Pennsylvania man who recently died at the age of 84 years, never rode on a railway, and he never rode in a hearse but once.

A Cincinnati couple who failed in an attempt at suicide, became so desperate that they went right off and committed matrimony.

There is a girl in Cincinnati who is said to be covered with scales. The fish story doesn't seem to have any limit as to season in Cincinnati.

The guileless child of the forest is catching on. A California squaw has brought suit against a rich white husband for divorce and $500,000 alimony.

An Indianapolis man has a memento in the shape of a gold brick which cost him $1,600. But if any one came along who wanted it right bad he would sell it for less than $4.

The Mexican Government is inviting immigration, while this Government is trying to shut it out. There isn't prosperity enough in this country now to divide among the people who are here, while Mexico has enough to go 'round and some to spare.

Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, has introduced a bill, the object of which is to reduce the crop of aspiring widows, young women who marry old pensioners with the expectation of soon becoming widows and freezing on to a life pension.

Nansen found lecturing, on the American plan, when he had to scoot from one town to an other, a tougher job than pole hunting, and gave it up, although he was getting a thousand dollars a lecture. Nansen wasn't cut out for a drummer.

Some female idiots in New York have organized the Order of the Crown, to which only persons who can trace their descent to kings and queens are eligible to membership. If they don't draw the color line they might get an assortment from the darkeys of the South and the noble reds of the wild, woolly West.

Jim Corbett has discovered a new remedy for dyspepsia. He says he used to suffer very much from it but since he got that solar plexus punch from Bob Fitzsimmons he could eat a grind stone without feeling uncomfortable. Bob should with this advertisement set himself up as a dyspepsia dispatcher with his little solar plexus remedy. The dyspepsia that could stand his punches would be a hard thing to get away with.

Senator Elkins has introduced a currency reform bill which proposes to retire all the one and two dollar United States notes and Treasury notes, reduce the tax on the circulation of National banks, permit them to issue notes to the full face value of the bonds they hold, and authorize the establishment of banks with $25,000 capital. Practically this might be called a bill to contract the currency.

A Louisiana physician claims to have discovered an infallible test of the yellow fever by which it may be speedily determined whether the patient has yellow fever or not, a question which sometimes gives physicians much trouble and on which "experts" frequently differ. It is a very important discovery if it be what is claimed for it.

A seven-foot tall Washington man claims a pension because when in the army the regulation overcoat was too small, and the blankets too short, from which he contracted a cold which has hung on to him every since. A man like that ought to have a soft snap in some dime museum.

The Hanna bribery investigating committee will be remarkable more for what it doesn't find out than for what it does. All it has been able to find out so far is that there are a great many people who refuse to tell what they know, and it is doubtful if the committee can squeeze it out of them.

One of the largest savings banks in New York city has reduced its rate of interest on real estate mortgage loans from 4½ to 4 per cent. It has $28,000,000 already loaned, to which the reduction applies. If it had some of this money in the South it could invest it on better terms.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. L. Gore—Butter.
King Grocery Co.—Free.
Notice—Sale of seized goods.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. H. B. Short, of Lake Waccamaw, is at The Orton.

— Mr. W. R. Phillips, of the *Goldsboro Argus*, spent last night in the city.

— Mr. D. N. Oliver, a well known merchant of Rowland, is in the city, He is at Orton.

— Mr. Charles L. Stevens, travelling representative of the Newbern *Journal*, is in the city.

— Messrs. N. A. McQueen and S. H. McKinnon, of Red Springs, are registered at The Orton.

— Messrs. S. R. Carrington and Samuel Kramer, of Durham, spent last night in the city, the guests of The Orton.

— Mr. John Frank left here yesterday afternoon for Alexandria, Va., where he goes in response to a telegram announcing the arrival of a lovely little daughter. Mrs. Frank is spending some time in Alexandria at the home of her parents, her father having been quite ill for some time past.

To Have a Private Side Track.

It is very probable that A. F. Johnson & Son's strawberry crate manufactory (the Carolina Veneering Works) at Clinton will, within a few weeks, have a special side-track laid to the shipping door of the establishment. This, coupled with improvements in machinery, etc., placed since the destructive fire last November, will very much facilitate the manufacture and shipment of crates during the coming season. In referring to Mr. Johnson's visit to this city, yesterday's STAR inadvertently spoke of him as from Clayton and of the factory as located there. Clinton is the fortunate possessor of this staunch citizen and his important manufactory.

You Are Cordially Invited.

The STAR is requested by Secretary Diggs, of the Y. M. C. A., to announce that no invitations will be sent out for the tenth anniversary celebration to occur on the evening of February 1st in the Association building. A quantity of invitations were printed, but an error makes it necessary that they be rejected. All friends of the Association are cordially invited through the STAR and are assured a hearty welcome and royal entertainment.

Painfully Hurt.

Robert Manning, familiarly known as "Caesar," was painfully hurt yesterday. He is an employe of Mr. I. B. Rhodes, and was helping store some ice in Mr. Rhodes' refrigerator, at the Front street market, when the block upon which he was standing tilted. He fell against some meat hooks and sustained a deep and painful gash on his right arm. He went to his home where he received the necessary medical attention.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The second degree of Odd Fellowship was conferred upon two candidates last night.

— The old Cape Fear has water enough to float a big ship now. It showed 14 feet at 8 o'clock yesterday morning at Fayetteville.

— Mr. Bernard Cass, a former resident of this city, is quite sick at Newport, R. I. He is under the care of Excelsior Lodge No. 49 I. O. O. F. of that place.

— The plate glass in the front of Mr. J. W. Murchison's hardware store, which was broken a short time ago, has been replaced by a new glass of the same quality.

— A bucket of hot ashes in the upper piazza of the Victor House ignited yesterday but was extinguished without damage and without making the turning in of an alarm necessary.

— The Charlotte *News* fires this conundrum at its readers: "Why is it that some of our Judges do not seem to take to Charlotte water?" That's dead easy. It is because they don't water.

— The Register of Deeds yesterday issued a license for the marriage of Hardy Bryant, colored, of Brunswick county to Mary F. Moore of this county. Bryant is 65 years old and Mary Moore 23.

— Judge Norwood has decided that the Buncombe county bonds issued in aid of the Spartanburg and Asheville railroad are null and void. That is to say, they were issued "all for buncombe."

— The Devotional Committee of the Y. M. C. A. held a meeting last night and took steps looking to the holding of a series of evangelistic meetings. They have not yet secured a leader; but it is their determination to invite some well known evangelist for this purpose.

WILMINGTON'S SOROSIS.

Meeting of the Literary Department—Interesting Papers Read—The Programme for Next Meeting.

One of the most profitable and thoroughly interesting meetings of departments of Wilmington's Sorosis yet held was that of the Literary Department at the elegant home of the chairman, Mrs. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., corner Front and Nun streets yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The programme yesterday comprised several able treatises from the pens of some of Wilmington's most intellectual ladies. The first was a paper by Mrs. Walker Taylor entitled "Goeffrey Chaucer, 1328-1400." The reading of this paper elicited quite an interesting informal discussion of Chaucer and his writings. There were a number of ladies present and each one had some interesting anecdote concerning this particular literary star or a quotation from his writings.

Mrs. William Chadbourn delighted the members of the Department with a characteristic reading from "Canterbury Tales." Another entertaining reading was by Miss M. Kingsbury from "House of Fame."

The discussion of Geoffy Chaucer was so protracted that the meeting was in session much longer than the prescribed time; but every participant pronounces it one of the most profitable yet held.

The next meeting of the Literary Department is to be held at Mrs. Chadbourn's home February 10th. The following programme has been arranged for this meeting:

"Outline of the World's History," by Miss McLaurin; "Outline of the World's Literature," by Mrs. Richard Price; "Followers of Chaucer," by Miss Martin, and "A Reading from King's Tragedy," by Mrs. M. S. Willard. All save the last named reading will be original papers, and a rare intellectual treat is assuredly in store for every member who attends.

The general monthly meeting of the entire Sorosis of the city will be held February 8th in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association, and there are to be no further meetings of any of the departments before that date.

A Spark Started the Fire.

A spark from the chimney ignited the roof of the residence of M. J. Hill, colored, No. 511 South Seventh street, about 6:15 o'clock this morning. An alarm of fire was turned in from box 52 at 9:25 o'clock and the Department made a prompt response.

The chemical engine was used and some water was thrown by Hose Company No. 1. The Hook and Ladder boys also took an active part in the fire-fighting. The flames were extinguished before much damage was done. A hole about two and a half feet in diameter was burned in the shingle roof.

The "fire out" signal was turned in at 10 o'clock.

One Dismissed, the Other Fined.

In Justice Bunting's court yesterday Ella Fry and Lizzie Carrol, both colored, were arraigned for disorderly conduct. Ella Fry was discharged, and a fine of $5 and costs imposed upon Lizzie Carrol, in default of which she was sent to jail.

Opposition Too Strong.

The public vaccinators had another dull day yesterday. Three of them, Drs. McDonald, Hall, and Mask, the latter colored, decided to give up the undertaking. The opposition is too strong they say.

— Col. N. A. McLean, of Lumberton, was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

CURIOSITIES FROM ALEUTIAN ISLANDS.

Arms and Utensils Procured from Indians by Captain Smith of the Revenue Cutter Lot M. Morrill.

Capt. H. D. Smith, commanding officer on the U. S. revenue cutter *Lot M. Morrill* now in port for repairs, held a commission only about a year ago on the *Commodore Perry*, then cruising in waters that wash the extreme Western shores of Alaska. While in these waters and while making frequent trips of exploration into the countless islands of the Aleutian group, Capt. Smith with the true curiosity seeker's eagerness for whatever is strange and unique, secured at some expense several of the utensils used by the different tribes of Indians who inhabit the shores of Unalaska.

Four Indian paddles, an Indian spear, a sacrificial knife and a bow, all strangely painted in quaint designs and tastefully arranged in Capt. Smith's commodiously furnished cabin, form a beautiful and striking picture. Two of the paddles were taken from the island of Atou, the extreme western member of the group. One from Yakatak, another island further east, and one from Sitka, one of the best known named on the Alaskan map. The Sitkan paddle is made out of the far-famed Alaskan cedar, so is the one from Yakatak island; the material from which the Atou paddle is made is not easily determined, as the island is totally bare of all vegetation and the only wood that is obtainable is such as is swept ashore in the flotsam and jetsam of the Japanese current. All of the paddles are painted in brilliant colors, all bear an imitation eye, and all have blades shaped to represent a shark's mouth. The bow is the ordinary instrument used by Indians. The sacrificial knife is made of native copper and, says Capt. Smith, was the most difficult of all to obtain, owing to the fact that it was carefully kept and highly prized, being used in the religious rites of the country. An interesting object also is the spear used for capturing fur seals. It is about a yard long, with a detachable point made of walrus ivory.

In speaking about the remoteness of the island of Atou, Capt. Smith says that the boast that the sun never sets upon British domain will apply just as well to the dominion of the United States, for when the sun is disappearing from the sight of the citizens of Boston, it is flashing its first rays upon the inhabitants of the island of Atou.

THE LATE MRS. SPRINGER.

Funeral Services by Rev. Dr. Hoge—Interment at Oakdale.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Clara W. Springer took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock from the residence of Mr. J. A. Springer, corner of Fifth and Princess streets. The services at the house were conducted by Rev. Dr. P. H. Hoge, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of which the deceased was a member before her removal to Philadelphia. At the grave Dr. Hoge was assisted by Rev. A. P. Tyer, pastor of Grace M. E. Church, who pronounced the benediction. The hymns "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," and "Asleep in Jesus" were rendered by a choir composed of Mrs. John G. Russell, Mrs. Ed. Woody, Dr. P. H. Hoge and Prof. John G. Russell; Dr. Hoge singing bass in the absence of the regular bass, Mr. A. S. Holden.

After the services at the house the procession moved to Oakdale cemetery, where the interment was made. There were numerous beautiful floral offerings. The pall-bearers were: Honorary, Capt. L. S. Belden and Dr. Wm. J. Love; active, Col. Roger Moore, Dr. A. M. Baldwin, Dr. W. E. Storm, and Messrs. B. F. Hall, H. H. Munson and Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—253 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—148 bales cotton, 01 casks spirits turpentine, 106 bbls rosin, 103 bbls tar.

Carolina Central Railroad—11 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine, 70 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—18 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 121 bbls. rosin, 41 bbls. tar.

Steamer Driver—5 casks spirits turpentine, 47 bbls rosin, 116 bbls. tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—95 bbls. rosin, 80 bbls tar.

Schr. Joseph—12 bales cotton, 27 casks spirits turpentine, 161 bbls rosin.

C. Larkin's Flat—72 bbls tar.

Total—Cotton, 442 bales; spirits turpentine, 61 casks; rosin, 600 bbls; tar, 421 bbls.

Judah P. Benjamin.

The Charleston *News and Courier* of yesterday contains two interesting communications relative to the childhood and youth of the great Confederate statesman, Judah P. Benjamin. One of them is from Mr. James Sprunt, who insists that Benjamin went to school at Fayetteville. The second is from the venerable R. C. Belden, of Spout Springs, written to Mr. Sprunt, and confirming the latter's impression as to where Judah P. Benjamin went to school. Mr. Belden states positively that the young Hebrew attended the "Fayetteville Academy" in 1825.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

"Aben Ali" Presented by Wilmington Amateurs to a Very Large Audience.

EXCELLENT ENTERTAINMENT.

Cast of Characters—Chorus of Village Maidens, Pirates, Peasants, Sailors —The Chaperones—Another Performance To-Night.

"Aben Ali," the spectacular operatic extravaganza, under the direction of Mr. A. L. Baker, was presented last night for the benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross.

Miss May O'Connor as *Paulina*, Miss Lola Martin as *Daina Barbara*, in the leading feminine roles displayed a great deal of talent; their singing was good and the characters portrayed by the ladies were mastered with ease and grace. Mr. A. L. Baker as *Fritz Blohard* handled the comedy line and made quite a hit. Mr. W. W. Vick as *Squire Hardup*, the magistrate, was "right there," and you can bet Dock fully realized the character he represented, especially when he appeared at the window.

The performance as a whole was very good, each one receiving several encores. The singing of Mr. Herbert Holden and Miss Nellie Calder was greatly enjoyed—each being compelled to respond. The management deserve a great deal of credit for the enjoyable entertainment and we trust they will have a big house to-night, especially as it is for a charitable purpose.

Much praise should also be given Miss Bessie Burtt for the most excellent and highly artistic manner in which she rendered all the accompaniments. The following composed the

CAST OF CHARACTERS:

Aben Ali	Chas. V. Mott
Fritz Blohard	A. L. Baker
Bobby Anvil	Herbert Holden
Abanazar	Mr. Black
Squire Hardup	Walter Vick
Captain of Gendarmes / Captain of Pirates	Alex. Holden
Mephisto	James Stevenson
Hi-Ki / Ja-Ké	Richard Bradley
Paulina	Miss May O'Connor
Dama Barbara	Miss Lola Martin
Emma	Miss Nellie Calder
Crystal, Fairy Queen	Miss Hazel Love
Sinbad / Ned / Sailors	Edwin Brown / Oscar Peck
First Horseman	James Riley
Second Horseman	Henry McFarland

Village Maidens — Misses Jeanie Peck, Alice Borden, Jennie Harriss, Julia Daggett, Fannie Green, Katie Harlow, Mary T. Peck, Lucy Latham, Nellie Platt, Lilly Horne, Rhea Daggett, Louise Bunting, Mary Borden, Mary Nash, Augusta Wiggins, Nellie Calder, Linnie Alderman, Mrs. Woody.

Pirates and Peasants—Messrs. Henry McFarland, Robt. Nash, Robt. Banks, John Metts, John James, James Riley, Oscar Peck, Champ Davis, Henry McMillan, George Crow, George James, Henry Peschau, Charles Taylor, Octave Wiggins, Payson Willard, Willie Crow, Frederick Dick, Lonnie Southerland.

Zulu Maidens—Misses Mary B. Sneed, Susie B. LaMotte, Neppie Borden, Nellie Heiser, Bessie Gore, Annie K. Harper, Mildred de Hunt, Alice Smallbones, Alice Rheinstein, Nora Angel, Isabel Black, Beth Daggett, Jennie Calder, Jennie Burbank, Mary W. Wiggins, Maggie Catlett.

Chaperones—Mrs. W. E. Storm, Mrs. J. A. Arringdale.

Cannibals—Messrs. Reston Stevenson, Joseph Smith, Jr., Willie Smith, Henry Heyer, Fred Dock, Russell Foster, George Parsley, Jr., Willie Peck, Norwood Orrell, Zack Bell, Ed. Reilly, Eugene Wiggins, Harry West, Ashley Bowden, Charles Morris, Edward Holmes.

Chaperones—Mrs. K. Williams, Miss Alice Green.

Fairy Maidens—Misses Elise Emerson, Sarah Catlett, Carrie Hardwicke; Maurie May Rutland, Sue Catlett, Helen Solomon, Virginia Bailey, Lilian Fowler, May Solomon, Athalia Hicks, May Sneed, Goldie Stein, Margaret Parker, Bessie Watters, Sadie Booker, Maud Parker, Flora Yopp, Alice Corbett.

Chaperones—Mrs. T. E. Sprunt, Mrs. Stella Thompson.

Flower Girls—Misses Mary A. Peck, Mary West, Reba Myers, Jeanie Peck, Sue McQueen, Mildred Davis, Rosie McPherson, Marie Peschau, Page Humphreys, Mattie Horne, Julia Dismukes, Carrie M. VonGlahn, Mrs. DuBrutz Cutlar, Miss Cammie Lord.

Chaperones—Miss Cumming, Miss Peck.

The libretto was written by our young and popular dramatist, Mr. J. K. Collier, and very much to the disappointment of the audience, when he was called for he was not present.

Tariff Association.

Mr. George B. Thompson, representative of the Southeastern Tariff Association, will settle down in good earnest to the work of re-rating the city. His work so far has been mainly in the way of securing the necessary fire statistics and he has been waiting for a representative of the Sanborn Map Company, with whom he intended to make the canvass. But as the map man has not turned up yet, Mr. Thompson will not wait any longer.

Ruse-Bolton Wedding.

Mr. J. S. Russ and Miss I. E. Bolton, both of this city, were united in marriage Wednesday night. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Paul C. Morton, of Emmanuel Church, at the home of the bride, on Second street, in the presence of a large company of friends.

A pleasant reception followed during which delicious refreshments were served.

ANOTHER MEETING.

Large Gathering of Opponents of Compulsory Vaccination at the City Hall Last Night.

COMMITTEE MAKES REPORT.

They Were Unable to Find Mayor Wright---Another Protest to be Presented With a Petition to the Board of Aldermen.

The second mass meeting of citizens who don't relish the idea of compulsory vaccination was held last night in the City Hall, and there was probably a slightly larger attendance than on the previous evening.

Mr. J. W. Millis opened the meeting by asking Mr. Jno. G. Marshall to state its object. Mr. Marshall said the meeting was called to hear the report of the committee appointed on the night before to wait upon the Mayor and present the citizens' protest as expressed in the resolution passed at the first meeting.

Mr. S. W. Holden was invited to address the assembly. He said that with three other members of the committee, A. S. King, Dr. W. H. Moore and S. J. Bell, the latter two colored, he went to the City Court room to present to the Mayor the resolutions as adopted. Neither the Mayor nor the Chief of Police was present, but the resolutions were left with Sergeant D. S. Bender. Mr. Holden said that he did not know whether the resolutiions finally reached the Mayor or not. He stated further that he had been informed, and he supposed it was a result of last night's meeting, that three of the public vaccinators had resigned. This he said they ought to have done the next morning after they were appointed.

Mr. George E. Leftwich was called for. He said that during the eight years that he had lived in Wilmington he had observed two characteristics of the people: 1. That they exhibited marvellous forbearance in submitting to measures like that thrust upon them recently, and 2, That men raised to official positions were quick to assert their authority. Then he referred with some feeling to the action of the authorities in attempting to take a case of smallpox from a comparatively isolated portion of the city to a thickly settled district. Officers had been stationed on guard over the smallpox cases to prevent people from going to see if the disease was really smallpox. The speaker doubted if the first man taken sick had the disease at all. "It is a shame," he went on, "that our papers are compelled to be full of smallpox news and drive hundreds of dollars worth of trade from our city." Mr. Leftwich closed his remarks amid loud cheering.

Mr. E. F. Johnson, the secretary, then read a formal protest to the Board of Aldermen, which ended with an appeal to the Board of Aldermen to rescind the law providing for compulsory vaccination. On motion the protest was unanimously adopted.

Dr. W. H. Moore, colored, stated that there were two copies of the protest; one had been left in the Mayor's office and one was on the rostrum awaiting signatures. He urged all to come up and sign.

Rev. J. Allen Kirk, the colored minister, spoke with considerable feeling against vaccination, saying that he had been an enemy to the practice ever since it had caused the death of his little girl.

The secretary read a clipping from a paper describing the sufferings of an Atlanta lady from vaccination.

Mr. A. S. King spoke next. He said if the Board of Aldermen didn't give redress they would have to get out and give way to some who would give redress. This was not the only "dirty, dastardly deed" that had been perpetrated. When he had finished speaking, the signal was given for persons to come up and sign the petition. There was a perfect rush for the rostrum and the signatures numbered, some said, one thousand. This was doubtless an exaggeration, but there were a good many signers, probably four or five hundred.

The Board of Aldermen will probably meet at an early day to take action in regard to the protest. Mayor Wright stated last night that a meeting would be called, but he was not able to say exactly when.

STEAMBOAT ON FIRE.

The Hurt Slightly Damaged On Her Last Trip Up the River.

The steamer *A. P. Hurt*, which left here Tuesday afternoon for Fayetteville, took fire in the gentlemen's cabin on the way up and only prompt and heroic work prevented serious damage. The fire is supposed to have originated from a lamp, though exactly how is not known, as all the passengers were at supper when the alarm of fire was given.

The fire was discovered about the time the *Hurt* was twenty miles from Wilmington. The crew and passengers turned out promptly and by the liberal use of water extinguished the flames before they had spread further than the gentlemen's cabin.

Among the passengers were Mr. R. M. Wescott, Miss Annie Taylor and Miss Nimocks, of this city. Mr. Wescott lost by the fire an overcoat, two pairs of gloves, umbrella, hat and overshoes.

The damage to the boat was estimated as being about $300, but it was not such as to prevent her from proceeding on her trip. She left Fayetteville yesterday morning and is expected to arrive here early this morning.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Continuation of Trial of the Suit for Damages Against the Seacoast Railway Co.

THE TESTIMONY CONCLUDED.

Argument by Counsel Will Begin This Morning—The Case Will Probably be Given to the Jury To-day.

Little business other than the continued hearing of evidence in the case of Hiram Moore vs. The Wilmington Seacoast Railroad Co. was transacted in the New Hanover Superior Court yesterday.

The last witness in that case was examined about 5.30 o'clock in the afternoon and the jury was excused until 10 o'clock to-day.

Counsel for plaintiff and defendant company submitted to His Honor Judge Adams the various issues which they asked him to incorporate in his charge and submit to the jury. These are withheld from publication for the reason that the Judge has not announced whether or not he will accept or materially change them.

The introduction of the various proposed issues and prayers elicited extended arguments by counsel as to their merits, at the conclusion of which the Court took a recess until 10 o'clock to-day.

Witnesses examined yesterday in the case were as follows: L. L. Pritchard, R. W. Hicks, J. W. Taylor, W. A. Sanders, R. O. Grant, Dr. A. H. Harriss, Walker Taylor, W. F. Robeson, Capt. Joe Lippitt, William Joyner, Ed. James, Dr. G. G. Thomas, Sol. Stanly, and Ben McLaren. The two last named were colored. Mr. Moore was also re-called by counsel for the plaintiff to give some additional rebutal testimony. This morning argument by counsel will be entered upon and this together with the Judge's charge is expected to engage the Court until at least 4 P. M., when the case will doubtless be given to the jury.

Other cases disposed of yesterday were as follows:

Ocean View Co. vs. J. A. and J. M. Hewett Left open for future adjustment.

Geo. R. French & Son vs. E. P. Ward. Judgment given against defendant for $417.50.

P. F. Mitchell & Co. vs. C. M. Whitlock. Motion made by plaintiffs' counsel for judgment according to the certificate of the Supreme Court for costs in said Court. No action was taken.

The following cases constitute today's calendar: Jno. S. Jones vs. Phœbe Jones, Laura Cooper vs. F. H. Cooper, Josephine Bradley vs. Edward Bradley, and Katz & Polvogt vs. R. F. Holmes.

ORDER OF RED MEN.

Talk of Organizing a Great Council from the Reservation of North Carolina.

It is very probable that the Red Men of this State will organize, in the near future, a Great Council for the Reservation of North Carolina. And it is also probable that Wilmington will be the "Hunting Ground" on which the Great Council will assemble for organization.

Yesterday a letter was received here from Mr. W. E. Faison, Chief of Records of Osceola Tribe at Raleigh, stating that a move was on foot to form an association of the sixteen Tribes in this State, for the purpose set forth in the preceding paragraph.

Mr. Faison stated further that if the Tribes will all agree to such an association, Hon. R. T. Daniel, of Griffin, Ga., Great Incohonee of the United States, and Mr. Charles C. Conelly, of Philadelphia, Great Chief of Records, can be induced to come to the State for the purpose of organizing the council.

The letter also suggests that the council be organized in Wilmington for the reason that there are more past sachems here than in any other city in the State. There are about twelve in Eyota Tribe No. 5 and more than as many more in Cherokee No. 9.

There is a marked increase in interest in Red Menship throughout the Southern States.

A FAYETTEVILLE WEDDING.

Mr. John Underwood and Miss Annie Montgomery Kyle—An Impressive Ceremony.

[*Fayetteville Observer, 26th.*]

Mr. John Underwood and Miss Annie Montgomery Kyle were united in marriage at noon to-day, in St. John's Episcopal Church, by the rector, Rev. Isaac W. Hughes.

When the bride, dressed in a handsome brown travelling gown and carrying a large bunch of American beauty roses, entered on the arm of her father, Capt. W. E. Kyle, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Lawrence Williamson, and preceded by the ushers, Messrs. H. W. Lilly, Lawrence Williamson, A. J. Cook, Leighton Huske, Marsden Haigh and Arthur Williams, the church was crowded with friends of the young couple, eager to attest their friendship and express their good wishes. Awaiting the bride at the exquisitely decorated altar was the groom with his best man and brother, Mr. Geo. B. Underwood.

The beautiful marriage ceremony of the church was then impressively performed, after which the bride and groom drove immediately to the Coast Line depot, where they took the 12.13 train for a Northern trip.

Mr. Underwood is a popular young business man of this city, and to him and his lovely and accomplished bride we tender our hearty congratulations.

THE MID-WINTER FAIR.

Jubilee of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry---A Manificent Scene in the Armory.

[*Special Correspondence of the Star.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 27, '98.

The "Mid-Winter Fair" of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry opened at 8.30 o'clock last evening, with music by Prof. Q. L. Remsburg's "Big Six" orchestra; and already, with the rise of the curtain, the immense armory was densely thronged, the merry groups of sight-seers and purchasers drifting here and there from the great central point of attraction, the mammoth booth of the United States in the middle of the hall, to admire the kaleidoscopic panorama of the nations of the world passing in review—Germany, France, Ireland, Japan, China, Scotland, Russia, Italy and England.

Very artistic and tasteful were the combinations of the national colors and the groupings of the coats-of-arms of monarchies and principalities in these fairy palaces blazing with light, where sat enthroned fair matrons and lovely maids. These graceful Hebes were of the "earth earthy" enough, though, to rake in the shekels of the gallant swain with fancy work from beautiful France kisses (of the Blarney stone) from jolly Ireland, bric-a-brac and curios from China and Japan, cigars, embroidery, etc., from bonnie Scotland, Russia, Italy and England—while the United States, true to its mission as the asylum of the needy of all climes and peoples—served to the hungry and thirsty, oysters, hot coffee, etc., or not to put too fine a point on it, a "square meal," for 25 cents.

A very attractive feature of the evening was the choral singing of the national airs from the Orient to the "land of the golden west," and very striking was the effect of the blending of the male and female voices.

Nothing could furnish a more gratifying illustration of the national reputation of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, and its popularity abroad as well as at home, than the number and value of the donations sent from all parts of the country and containing all sorts of articles, from a cake of fancy soap to a complete cooking stove.

The fair opens every day at 11 o'clock and this evening the comedy of the "Bag of Monkeys" will be rendered.

"An Old Democratic Landmark."

Henderson *Gold Leaf:* "The Wilmington STAR, which has been under the management of Mr. W. H. Bernard for more than thirty years, comes out in new type, giving it a very neat and attractive appearance. The STAR is one of the substantial old Democratic landmarks in North Carolina journalism."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALE OF SEIZED GOODS.

At 12 M. on Monday the 14th of February, at the Custom House door, I will SELL FOR CASH to the highest bidder, SIXTY (60) PACKAGES containing

Trional, Sulfonal and Phenacetine

(about 15 ounces of each)

SEIZED AND FORFEITED

for violation of Section 3082 Revised Statutes.

W. R. KENAN,
Collector of Customs.

jan 28 3t 28 3 10

BUTTER, BUTTER.

10 TUBS

Fox River Butter.

900 Bushels

Rust Proof Oats.

Also Guano, Corn, Meat and other goods.

D. L. GORE.

jan 28 tf

FREE!

A BEAUTIFUL SIX SHEET FLORAL CALENDAR, each sheet containing two months' calendar and a handsome fairy design, representing the appropriate flower of those months, by one of America's best artists. A copy with every 25 cents worth of Fairy Soap, Pure, White, Floating. We have now less than 75 and they will be gone in a few days.

The King Grocery Co.,

B. F. KING, MANAGER,
Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 387.
jan 17 tf

Vollers & Hashagen,

NUTT STREET,

Manufacturer's Agents for Armour & Co.

CHICAGO. STRICTLY HIGH GRADE.

LEAF LARD, "SHIELD BRAND."

Don't be penny wise and pound foolish

Leaf Lard, "Shield Brand."

This high grade costs you no more than others.
LEAF LARD, "SHIELD BRAND."
Demand of your grocer this brand.
We sell at wholesale only the celebrated brand

"Renown Cigar,
"Renown Cigar,
"Renown Cigar,
"Renown Cigar,
"Renown Cigar."

Write for prices, which we cheerfully give.
jan 23 tf

SADDLE HORSES,
HARNESS HORSES

and MULES suitable for all purposes.

Two Car Loads of New Stock

just received.

Don't think of buying until you have visited my Stables for you can buy them there cheaper than any where else in the city.

F. T. MILLS,

112 and 114 North Water St.

jan 21 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $3.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 30 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 28, 1898

MACHINE-MADE TOOLS.

The argument made in defence of the high protective tariff, and the only argument that can be made in defence of it, is that it protects American labor from the cheap "pauper labor" of Europe. Of course every intelligent person who gives any thought to this subject understands that this is a mere pretext, a fraud; that the high tariff doesn't give American labor any protection, isn't intended to give it any protection, but is intended for an entirely different purpose—to put money into the pockets of the men who employ American labor, and contribute money to Republican campaign funds. If the American workman needs any protection at all it is from the imported cheap labor he has to compete against.

As an illustration take, for instance, the New England cotton mills whose proprietors are now complaining so loudly of the depression and small or no profits in their industry. They have had more or less protection all the time. Eight or ten years ago, when highly protected, they concluded they were paying their operatives (in whom they profess such a paternal interest) too much and began to cut wages, and when the operatives objected to the cuts their places were filled with imported workers from Canada, until now some of the manufacturing towns are really more Canadian, as far as the mill people are concerned, than American. And so it was in the mining and iron districts of Pennsylvania, which are filled with cheap labor imported directly or indirectly. The protective tariff which protects the manufacturers' goods under pretence of protecting the workman, while it leaves open the gates to the cheap labor, against which it professes a desire to protect him, is not much of a protective measure, but very considerable of a fraud.

But the fact is neither the American manufacturer nor the American workman needs any protection against the European manufacturer or against the "pauper labor" which labors on the other side. It is only where it is brought across the ocean to compete with the American workman on his own ground that it becomes formidable. American genius, as illustrated by its labor-saving machinery, and the American skill which manipulates the machinery, are more than a match for foreign competitors. How these assert themselves and triumph in the line of tools, cutlery, &c., is shown by the following, which we clip from the Philadelphia *Record:*

"There is an industry carried on quite extensively in this city about which one hears little or nothing; yet Philadelphia is famed far and wide for its manufacture of machine-made files, which are now universally admitted to be superior to hand-cut files. For a long time a prejudice existed in favor of the hand-cut files; but experience finally carried the day. At first the machinery was inefficient, and the quality of steel was not of the best. The maker only aimed to produce a chief substitute; but he soon became ambitious, and aimed to equal and even excel the hand-cut files. There are now many makers of machine-made files in this country who have succeeded in accomplishing these results. The consequence is that machine-made files have not only superseded hand-made files in this country, but have invaded Sheffield, England, the home of such industries. The following extract from the report of the Sheffield correspondent of the *British Trade Journal* is interesting in this connection:

'I saw the other day in the warehouse of one of our establishments a large number of files of all grades and sizes, beautifully packed in boxes, and a brave array they made on the shelves. They formed part of an extensive order which had been sent to Philadelphia and executed with a smartness which left nothing to be desired. Files were taken at random from these boxes, and put before me. They felt lighter in the hand than an ordinary Sheffield-made file; but that was no objection, for the workmen preferred them. The precision with which the teeth were cut, and the finish put upon them could not be denied by any unprejudiced person. One kind of file, perfectly round, was shown to me as an article which could not be made in England at all. The prices were considerably under the home quotations. File prices, as everybody knows, are governed by discounts. In Sheffield the discount is from 52½ per cent to 57½ per cent, off the list, with 5 per cent off for cash. These American files are delivered here at 70 per cent off, and the gentleman in whose place they were shown to me, was offered the agency with an extra 7½ discount.

Philadelphia saws, axes and other edge tools have a world-wide reputation. The woodsmen soon discovered that American saws and axes were lighter, sharper, better balanced and retained their edges longer than any others. Several years ago it was stated by an American who visited Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden that even the Grand Old Man used an American ax when indulging in his favorite pastime of felling trees. About a year ago the American Consul, at Bradford England, wrote as follows:

Go into any cutlery or hardware shop in Bradford and ask for shears, and you will be handed a pair bearing a Newark or Trenton, N. J., imprint. They are considered superior in every way, and one of the strange things about it is they must be bought through Sheffield, which is supposed to be the rival of American cutlery manufacturers.

"Two years ago the idea of sending heavy tools to England or Germany from America would have been ridiculed; but within the past year a single Western tool maker has sold in England and Germany more than half a million dollars worth of heavy machine tools, such as lathes, planers, boring and turning mills, etc. Some of these machines have been bought by foreign Governments and some by the great private establishments. It is evident enough that the only real limit to the variety of American machinery and tools that can now be successfully sold in Europe is to be found not in the kind or size of the article, but in the energy of the maker."

But it isn't in edge tools, cutlery, &c., only that American skill is asserting itself, but in bicycles, farming machinery and implements, carriages and buggies, electrical machinery, locomotives for railways (over three hundred of which our builders sold to other countries last year), not to speak of railroad iron, castings and pig iron for European iron works, and on top of this American ship builders have built some of the finest steamers that plough the seas, and some of the greatest war ships afloat for our own and for other governments. And yet we are told that the men who have shown such ability to compete with rivals in other countries need protection from those rivals on the pretence that they do not pay their workmen as high wages as the American workman receives. Comparing the figures of daily pay this may be true, but as a matter of fact, considering the amount of work and the quality of the work done by the American workman and comparing it with the amount of work and the quality of the work done by the European workman, the American receives less pay than the European. And this is the correct way to judge the wage question. All the American manufacturer needs is an open field and tax free raw material, and all the American workman needs is protection from the labor that is brought in to compete against him. Given these, the American manufacturer with his labor-saving machinery, and the American workman with his skill could hold their own against and in any country.

MINOR MENTION.

The moral feature of the Teller resolution was the subject of some discussion in the Senate Wednesday, some of its opponents contending that it would be a breach of integrity and morality to offer to pay the Government obligations in silver, the defenders of the resolution maintaining that the Government has the right under the contract to pay these bonds in coin, using its option as to the kind of coin, and that it would be no breach of integrity or morality to exercise that option. There must be two or more parties to a contract, and a contract which binds one of the parties but does not bind the other would be no contract at all, but simply a fraud. Here we have a contract between the purchasers of Government bonds and the Government specifying that these bonds are payable, principal and interest, in standard coin of the United States, and notwithstanding that it is now claimed that it would be a breach of honesty for the Government to stand upon that contract and deny to the bondholders the privilege to claim payment in a particular kind of money whether the Government have that kind of money or not. When the resolution, of which the Teller resolution is a copy, was before the Senate twenty years ago, its morality was not questioned. If such a declaration was honest then it is honest now, and the gold men have no right to come in and claim that the change in the conditions has practically nullified that declaration and deprived the Government of any option in the premises. They claim that silver is not as valuable now as it was then. Silver bullion is not, silver coin is, for the coined silver dollar is today just as valuable in law as it was in 1878, and they cannot claim the right to refuse it, because they have been making war upon it and combining to depreciate the value of the metal from which it is made. If they owed the Government a debt which under the contract they could pay in silver or paper, they would insist on their right to pay in that kind of money, and there would be no immorality in it. Why, then, is it dishonest or immoral for the Government to do what they would be perfectly right in doing? A contract which is good for only one of the contracting parties, but not binding on the other is, as we have said, not a contract at all, but a fraud.

***

The movement is beginning in the South to utilize streams to furnish electric power for manufacturing towns. There is talk of so utilizing the James river to furnish power to Richmond, and the Chattahoochie to furnish power for Atlanta. Either would furnish all the power that would be needed in either of these cities, and at almost nominal cost. The *Constitution*, which favors it, thus speaks of what the result will be for Atlanta:

"The introduction of steam power has in every instance been felt by a development in wealth and in industry which has simply revolutionized whatever it has touched. No city in the world is in a better position tt reap the benefits of electricity than Atlanta. Hard by is a river large enough in water power to furnish force to run millions of spindles and to give life to all the adjacent country and to operate every wheel which human industry may put in motion. The utilization of this river for electrical purposes would mean not 200,000 inhabitants for Atlanta, but a half million. It would mean a corresponding expansion of every business interest, and would attract to this city capital and population from all sources. That development which came on the first discovery of steam to cities by the river side, which was later changed to inland points by railroad connection, by electricity will be transferred back to the river side, and thus cities which can command water power to utilize their electrical force will witness a development beside which all the wonderful growths of urban populations in the past will sink into insignificance."

This is a pretty highly colored picture but there is nothing unreasonable in it. Cheap motive power builds up cities, when the other requisites are present, for cheapness of production is one of the demands of the day and the manufacturing center which can produce the cheapest will have the advantage in competition with others. To North Carolina, as far as we know, belongs the distinction of having inaugurated this movement in the South by harnessing the Yadkin river to transmit power to Winston and Salem, while projects are on foot to harness it at other points to furnish other places with power. This is but the beginning, for there are numerous streams in North Carolina and in other Southern States which can, and in time will be so utilized.

Hi Chi is the name of a new Chinese warship just launched in England. The Hi is intended to perform on the high seas when there is any parading to be done.

Coughs, colds, pneumonia and fevers may be prevented by keeping the blood pure and the system toned up with Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

TWINKLINGS.

— A Practical Mind: "Those opposition fellows at Columbus received a decided check."

"What was the amount?"

—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— In the Winter Months: "Mrs. Lowdiet," meekly muttered the hitherto patient boarder, "I can stand hash every day without a murmur; but when you put raisins in it and call it mince pie I draw the line."—*Tit-Bits.*

— Quad—"I see that ladies' paper, the New Woman, has proved a failure."

Dash—"That so? What was the trouble?"

Quad—"Well, as I understand it, only lady reporters were employed, and, of course, they told all they knew before the paper came out, and then no one wanted to read it."

— "Now, Thomas," said a certain bishop, after taking his servant to task one morning, "who is it that sees all we do, and hears all we say, and knows all we think, and who regards even me in my bishop's robes as but a vile worm of the dust?"

And Thomas replied, "The missis, sir."—*Tit Bits.*

— Patient (who had just had his eye operated upon)—

"Doctor, it seems to me ten guinies is a high price to charge for that job. It didn't take you ten seconds."

Eminent Oculist—"My dear friend, in learning to preform that operation in ten seconds, I have spoiled more than two bushels of such eyes as yours."—*Tit Bits.*

— "Tell me, Claudia," he whispered, "that you love me."

"I love you Constantine," she murmured.

"Are you sure of it," he asked.

"Yes," she replied, "I am positive."

"How do you know you love me," he continued.

"Because," she answered, "If I did not love you I would be disgusted with the perfume you use."—*Cleveland Leader.*

— "Well," said the great importer, "you want a position as tea-taster, do you? Have you ever had any experience in this business?" "No," the applicant replied, "but I've boarded around and eaten at restaurants so long that I know I'd be a good one at it. I could tell the genuine tea right off, because it would be so different, you know."

— A little girl from town was staying with some country cousins who live on a farm. At breakfast the following morning she saw on the table a dish of honey, and regarded this as an opportunity to show her country cousins that she knew something of country life after all. Looking at the dish of honey, she said carelessly: "Ah, I see you keep a bee."—*Trained Motherhood.*

The Discovery of the Day.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Jacksonville *Times:* Furney George, a boy well known to the people of this section, was scalded to death Monday morning by the bursting of a steam pipe at the saw mill at Hub, N. C., where he was employed.

— Hillsborough *Observer:* Mr. Anderson A. Thompson, aged about 65 years, while teaching school near Hawfield's church, in Alamance county, died very suddenly in the school room on Wednesday, Jan. 19th.

— Rocky Mount *Mirror:* It is an assured fact that Rocky Mount is to have two ice factories in the near future. One by the Carrington company of Durham, and the other by Mr. J. W. Hines of this city and Mr. Worth of Wilmington.

— Greenville *Reflector:* The water in the river has kept lower through the Fall and so far during the Winter than has been known here. Fisher men think not many shad will come up the river this Spring unless there is a rise of the water soon.

— Winston *Sentinel:* Mrs. York, wife of Dr. Tyre York, ex-member of Congress, Republican candidate for Governor in 1884, and elector for William Jennings Bryan in 1896, died at her home near Traphill, Wilkes county, Sunday afternoon, aged 60 years.

— Washington *Progress:* We regret to announce that Miss Jennie Cutler, daughter of Mr. Giles Cutler, who lives about eleven miles from here on the Bath road, fell in the fire Wednesday last and was so seriously burned that she died in a few minutes.

— Charlotte *Observer:* The darkies have many theories about the smallpox which has manifested itself in the city. The latest idea advanced is that it is elephant's itch, said to have been contracted by the visit of the last circus, some negroes having used the straw on which the elephants lay for beds. Some of them said yesterday that a big doctor had come from a distance, looked at it and pronounced it elephant's itch.

— Statesville *Landmark:* Elders Hinckley and Warnick, of the "Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter Day Saints," who came to Statesville a week ago and since then have been making a house-to-house canvass of the town, leaving literature and discussing their faith where permitted, are still here. They have held no public services and so far as learned have made no attempt to do.

— Raleigh *News and Observer:* Judge Norwood decided at Waynesville Wednesday that the Buncombe bonds of the Asheville & Spartanburg Railroad were null and void. The injunction against the county treasurer was made permanent. The defendant gave notice of an appeal on the ground of the decision that there was no legal authority for holding the election and making the subscription and issuing of the bonds.

— Clinton *Democrat:* Mrs. Isaac Williams, of Newton Grove, died suddenly at her home on Wednesday, the 19th. She had recently suffered an attack of fever, but had recovered from it. Her death is attributed to heart disease. — Mrs. Reddin Parker was seriously burned on Monday of last week at her home in Honeycutts. She was cooking dinner, and in turning from the stove to a fireplace in which a fire was burning her dress caught from the blaze and she was quickly enveloped in flames. She was badly burned about the hands, arms and back. — The extensive lumber plant of the Aberdeen Lumber Company, at Aberdeen, Moore county, was burned last week. The loss to the owners, Messrs. Adam & Maurer, of Pennsylvania, is $25,000, without any insurance. The plant will not be rebuilt.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— The sending of the battleship Maine to Havana is said by the administration to be an act of friendship. By the same token we suppose that if the Maine should shell the town it would be meant as a demonstration of sincere affection.—*Manchester (Va.) Leader, Dem.*

— The State factory inspector finds in east-side shops 66,500 workers, all foreign born, all squalidly poor and all coming from countries where the standards of living are exceedingly low. It is no wonder that he looks to the restriction of immigration as the only solution of the low wage problem on the east side, where the simple desire to live leads inevitably to a wage throat-cutting. *New York World, Dem.*

— France is simply adding fuel to the flames by the weak and indefensible course she is pursuing in the Dreyfus case. The statement is now published that no army officers will be permitted to testify at the trial of M. Zola, but that General Billot, the Minister of War, will attend the trial in full uniform to make the "necessary defence of the army's honor." This is an acknowledgement of fear on the part of the War Office that too much might become known if army officers were allowed to be questioned by Zola and his attorneys.—*Philadelphia North American, Rep.*

Where They May Meet.

Of the 57 committees of the house of representatives, some are hard-working, industrious committees, and others do not have so much labor to perform. A gentleman who was interested in a certain committee of the latter class inquired of the clerk whether the committee had met.

"No, sir," replied the clerk, and this answer was made to each succeeding inquiry day after day. At length the gentleman, after repeated visits, asked:

"When do you think the committee will meet?"

"Well," said the clerk, after some thought, "if the members of the committee are good men—I don't know them—if the members of the committee are good men and lead an upright, virtuous life, they may meet in heaven. They will never meet here."—Washington Star.

No Insult Intended.

A London exquisite—in America he would be called a dude—had gone into a west end restaurant, says Spare Moments, and was far from pleased with the way in which his order was filled.

"Do you call that a veal cutlet?" he demanded of the waiter. "Why, such a cutlet as that is an insult to every self respecting calf in the British empire."

The waiter hung his head for a moment, but recovered himself and said in a tone of respectful apology: "I really didn't intend to insult you, sir!"

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

A MUCH ABUSED FATHER.

A Woe Struck Man Who Is Compelled to Take Lessons In Telegraphing.

The able and versatile horse editor had just hung up the carrycomb and taken a hitch in his surcingle preparatory to a heavy haul when a gentleman from Brooklyn trotted into the stall and sat down.

"Good morning," remarked the horse editor pleasantly, as he did not owe the visitor a cent.

"What would you do under the circumstances?" responded the visitor, with a kind of an escaped from Bloomingdale gleam in his unsteady eyes.

"Well, I'd 'a' said 'Good morning,' or 'How are you?' or 'Go to the deuce!' or something like that, you know—most anything would have done just to show that you knew how to speak when you were spoken to. See?" And the horse editor put on a smile of roasting sarcasm.

The visitor started strangely and looked nervously at his gentle reprover.

"Really," he said apologetically, "you must pardon me. I'm that worried I don't hardly know if I'm afoot or horseback. That's what I'm here for."

"What for?" inquired the horse editor.

"Well, what do you think of a man of my age, with a grown up wife and children," he said, almost hysterically, "being compelled to go to a night school and learn to do telegraphing?"

"Why do you have to do it?"

"Too much education is ruining the country," was the apparently irrelevant reply.

"What's the matter with you, anyhow?" inquired the horse editor, in a vexed tone.

"I've been imposed on—that's all," said the visitor, in the sulks. "Imbued with the idea that I ought to teach my four daughters something by which they might earn their living if they couldn't find husbands to take the job off their hands, I sent them to one of these telegraph colleges, and they learned telegraphy. Fewer women learning that than typewriting and stenography, and they'll have a better show; that's why I chose telegraphy. That's all right. They learned in fine style and easy. They're smart. They take after their father more than they do after their mother, if I do say it myself. It wasn't long till they taught their mother the dot and dash language, too, and now, by the jumping Jehoshaphat, them women sit around and carry on a conversation right under my nose, and I never know a gol darned thing what they're talking about. They tick on their plates at the table with a knife or fork, and then laugh with a ha-ha to raise the roof. I'll be reading my paper, when all of a sudden I'll hear a knocking away off in some other part of the house, and then whoever's in the room where I am will ha-ha and tick back, and then they will scream and tick some more till I get up and leave. They've been doing that way ever since my wife learned how, and I don't have any peace. My wife learned in about six weeks so's she could tick at a fair speed, and she and the girls haven't let a minute go by, it seems to me, without practicing. And when they ain't practicing they are talking all around me without saying a word. I've got to protect myself in some way. How long do you think it will take me to learn?"

"Oh, about a thousand years or so," replied the horse editor, and began munching at his daily hay.—New York Sun.

Made Him Feel Good.

"John," said the editor to his office boy, "John, am I a rich man—a—very rich man?"

"I never hearn tell that you wuz," replied the office boy.

"Am I not even comfortably well off?"

"Not that I knows on."

"Have I not money in bank and checkbooks without number lying all around me?"

"Nary one."

The editor sighed, then turned to three letters that lay on his table and read aloud:

"Our bank has a claim against you for $100. Please send check on receipt of this."

"Our firm has been instructed to collect $80 out of you. Kindly forward your check at once."

"We have a claim for $70 against you. Please remit us by check as early as possible."

"God bless the banks and the lawyers!" he exclaimed. "They do make a poor, struggling devil feel so good!"

And then he silently dropped the letters into the wastebasket and wrote an editorial on "Brighter Days Ahead."—Atlanta Constitution.

Wanted a Change.

On the one excursion north of Mason and Dixon's line which John Randolph of Roanoke permitted himself in the course of his life he ordered the waiter at a tavern to "change his cup." The man inquired whether he desired tea or coffee. "If this," he said, indicating with his scornful forefinger the beverage already served to him—"If this be tea, bring me coffee. If this be coffee, bring me tea. I want a change."

A Finisher.

For two hours the fashionable lady kept the draper exhibiting his goods, and at the end of that period she sweetly asked:

"Are you quite sure you have shown me everything you have?"

"No, madam," said the draper, with an insinuating smile. "I have yet an old account in my ledger which I shall very gladly show you."

He did not need to show any more. The lady left the shop, saying she would call again another day.—London Tit-Bits.

He Liked the Family.

"Dick proposed to me last night."

"What did you tell him?"

"I said he had better ask mamma, and what do you think the wretch said?"

"Goodness knows!"

"He said he had asked her already, and she wouldn't have him."—Boston Beacon.

Hood's Pills

Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Anecdote of the Duc d'Aumale.

Courageous in battle, the Duc d'Aumale was wanting in moral courage and decision. He made up his mind with difficulty. I recollect this happening at a soiree where I was, so far back as 1873. I was standing near the door of the first salon of a long suit, watching the grand company enter. The Duc d'Aumale crossed the anteroom to enter. The usher asked what name. "General le Duc d'Aumale." The man was swelling his chest to bawl it when the duc said: "No. Announce his royal highness the Duc d'Aumale." But on an instant's reflection this did not do either, and he said merely, "The Duc d'Aumale." Finally he said, "Say nothing," and walked in unannounced. This gave me the assurance that he would never restore the monarchy or set himself up as Stadtholder.—Paris Cor. London Truth.

Useless.

The passengers of a Chester trolley car were very much amused the other day by a conversation between two colored men, one of whom was a deacon in a down town church. He introduced the subject of a new fence around a graveyard and asked his companion, who had more worldly inclinations, for a contribution for that purpose. His reply was: "What yo' want a fence round dat graveyahd fo'? Live pussons doan' want to get in, and I'm doggone sure de dead ones ain't a-gwine to try an git out. I ain't got no money foh graveyahd fences." And the argument was clinched right there.—Philadelphia Record.

Safe Errors.

As there are some faults that have been termed faults on the right side, so there are some errors that might be denominated errors on the safe side. Thus we seldom regret having been too mild, too cautious or too humble, but we often repent having been too violent, too precipitate or too proud.—New York Ledger.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying "Electric Bitters," and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 20
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	22
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	44	@	45
Virginia Meal	44	@	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	20	@	20
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	12½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barzel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 00
First Patent	5 25	@	6 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	47½
Car load, in bags—White		@	46
Oats, from store		@	35
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	55
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover, Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg. Cut, 60d basis		@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	10 50
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On the ℔ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 00	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 50	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon-Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, January 27.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 32¼ cents per gallon bid for machine-made casks and 32 cents bid for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.15 per bbl for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.40 per barrel for Hard, $1.90 for Dip and $1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm, 25¼, 24¾c; later, tone changed to dull; rosin firm, $1.45, $1.50; tar steady, 90c; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	61
Rosin	600
Tar	421
Crude Turpentine	00

Receipts same day last year.—66 casks spirits turpentine, 279 bbls rosin, 191 bbls tar, 0 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2 15-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	5 15-16	" "
Middling	5⅝	" "
Good Middling	5⅞	" "

Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—442 bales; same day last year, 509.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 35@40c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN.—Firm; 47½ to 50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00 to $1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $8.00 to $8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Money on call easy at 1½@1¾ per cent., last loan 1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@3½ per cent. Sterling exchange was firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 484½@484⅝ for demand and 482½@482¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 483@483½ and 485½@486. Commercial bills 481½@482. Silver certificates 56¼@57¼. Bar silver 56½. Mexican dollars 44¾. Government bonds irregular; U. S. new 4's, registered 127½; U. S. new 4's, coupon, 128½; U. S. 4's 112⅝; U. S. 4's, coupon, 114½; U. S. 2's 100; U. S. 5's, registered, 113½; U. S. 5's, coupon, 114¼. State bonds dull; North Carolina 6's 125; North Carolina 4's 105.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine firm at 33½@34¼c.

CHARLESTON, January 27.—Spirits turpentine firm at 32c; no sales. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 27.—Spirits turpentine market firm at 32½; sales—casks; receipts 240 casks. Rosin firm; sales 828 bbls; receipts 4,082 barrels; quotations unchanged.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 27.—After opening steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 2 points, the cotton market eased off and ruled only fairly active but maintained a steady undertone throughout the session. The bears still claimed that bad roads explain the smaller receipts. The bulls are making much of the point that the export movement of cotton has been running ahead of the receipts and the holders of spot cotton in the South show indifference. The investment demand and the covering of shorts were sufficient to hold the market. While the volume of business was small there was a good class of buying, in fair proportion for foreign and southern accounts. The market was finally very steady at a net advance of 2 to 3 points.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 5 15-16c.

Cotton—the futures market closed very steady; sales to-day of 115,100 bales; January 5.72c., February 5.73c., March 5.77c., April 5.80c., May 5.83c., June 5.86c., July 5.89c., August 5.92c., September 5.92c., October 5.94c., November 5.95c.

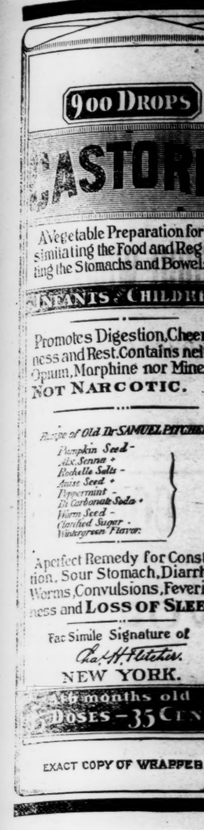
Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 5 15-16c; middling gulf 6 3-16c; sales 95 bales.

Net receipts 1,469 bales; gross 3,022 bales; exports to the Continent 1,198 bales; forwarded 548 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners 85 bales; stock 157,835 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 25,076 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,624 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 14,791 bales; stock 1,261,455 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 175,563 bales; exports to Great Britain 76,882 bales; to France 38,337 bales; to the Continent 85,774 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 6,480,105 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,



CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature

—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Peculiar Vienna Custom.

The Viennese take their pleasures as regularly as they do their meals, but they do not neglect business or keep late hours.

One thing, perhaps, which helps to keep the young Viennese of moderate means and economical mind regular in his evening hours is the fact that he must pay to get into his own rooms after 10 o'clock.

Vienna is one vast system of apartment houses, and a house master is in charge of each one. At 10 o'clock he locks the front door, and any one desiring to get in after that hour must pay for admittance, and the old resident has no more right to a key than the ephemeral lodger. —Vienna Correspondent.

Her Cooking.

Young Wife (at dinner table, sobbing)—I think you—you—are just as mean as—as you can be. I made that—that apple dumpling as a pleasant surprise for you, and—and now—you want me to bring a meat saw to cut it in two with.

Young Husband—Good gracious, Marie, is that a dumpling? I took it for a cocoanut. (With desperate firmness)—I'll eat it now if it kills me.—London Fun.

Starfish commit suicide. When one is caught in a net, it dissolves itself into many pieces, which escape through the meshes. In time each piece becomes a perfect animal. To preserve a starfish it must be plunged into a bucket of fresh water before it has had time to take the alarm. Fresh water is instant death to it.

Two miles from Milan, Italy, is the most remarkable echo in the world. It is at the castle of Simonetta and repeats the shot of a pistol 60 times.

Every Wife

feels an indescribable dread of the danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery.

Mother's Friend

a thoroughly tested remedy, gently prepares the system for this period, lessens the pain, and removes all danger. Its use insures a safe and happy termination of the dreaded event.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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Your Friend the.... Kenwood Bicycle

A Wheel You Can Depend Upon.

For Lightness, Swiftness and Strength it is Unsurpassed.

You can learn all about it by addressing

Hamilton Kenwood Cycle Co.

203-205-207 S. Canal St., Chicago.

Sep 11 tf

FASHIONS, CHANGE BUT POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

IF I WERE FAIR.

If I were fair!
If I had little hands and slender feet,
If to my cheeks the color rich and sweet
Came at a word and faded at a frown,
If I had clinging curls of burnished brown,
If I had dreamy eyes aglow with smiles
And graceful limbs and pretty girlish wiles,
If I were fair, love would not turn aside.
Life's paths, so narrow, would be broad and wide
If I were fair!

If I were fair,
Perhaps like other maidens I might hold
A true heart's store of tried and tested gold.
Love waits on beauty, though sweet love alone,
It seems to me, for aught might well atone,
But beauty's charm is strong, and love obeys
The mystic witchery of her shy ways.
If I were fair, my years would seem so few
Life would unfold sweet pictures to my view—
If I were fair!

If I were fair,
Perhaps the baby, with a scream of joy,
To clasp my neck would throw away its toy
And hide its dimples in my shining hair,
Bewildered by the maze of glory there.
But now—oh, shadow of a young girl's face,
Uncolored lips that pain's cold fingers trace—
You will not blame the child whose wee hands close
Not on the blighted bud, but on the rose
So rich and fair.

If I were fair—
Oh, just a little fair—with some soft touch
About my face to glorify it much!
If no one shunned my presence or my kiss,
My heart would almost break beneath its bliss.
'Tis said each pilgrim shall attain his goal,
And perfect light shall flood each blinded soul,
When day's flush merges into sunset's bars,
And night is here. And then beyond the stars
I shall be fair!

—Pearson's Weekly.

She Could Wait.

It is often very difficult for newcomers in a community, especially if the community is a small one, to understand the local ideas of social requirements, for etiquette—a ticklish thing at best—is often greatly modified by local usage.

A Mrs. Cathcart, who had gone from a large city to live in a small village on Long Island, was a woman of strong social instincts, and soon after she was comfortably settled she set about getting acquainted with her neighbors.

She soon learned that she would make small progress if she waited for the neighbors to call first, as she naturally would have done in the city; so with some misgivings she ventured to call at the house next door, where lived a pleasant, friendly woman, who welcomed her cordially and promptly made her feel thoroughly at home.

After a suitable time, Mrs. Cathcart rose to go and said, "Now, Mrs. Johnson, I hope, since we have become acquainted, that you will come over and see me."

"Well, my dear," said Mrs. Johnson, "I ain't no hand to gad. You see, I have so much to do at home, 't I don't get no time. I hain't ben out but once all winter, 'n' that was when Aunt Sally Bashford was buried. Of course, I make it a p'int always to go to the funeral when any o' my friends die, but I don't get out no other time."

"In that case," said Mrs. Cathcart, "I hope you won't be in any hurry about returning this call."—Youth's Companion.

A Picture of Hawthorne.

In "Memories of Hawthorne," by Rose Hawthorne Lathrop, is the following portrait of her father as Mrs. Lathrop remembers him:

"In the early years of our stay in England his personality was most radiant. His face was sunny, his aspect that of shining elegance. There was the perpetual gleam of a glad smile on his mouth and in his eyes. His eyes were either a light gray or a violet blue, according to his mood. His hair was brown and waved loosely (I take it very hard when people ask me if it was at all red), and his complexion was as clear and luminous as his mother's, who was the most beautiful woman some people have even seen. He was tall and with as little superfluous flesh and as much sturdy vigor as a young athlete, for his mode of life was always athletic, simple and abstemious. He leaned his head a little to one side often in a position indicating alert rest such as we find in many Greek statues—so different from the straight, dogged pose of a Roman emperor."

Gent.

This slang word seems to have come in at first as a mere written contraction. I have found the word laygents in law reports of the seventeenth century, particularly those of Popham and of Davis. In Sir John Northcote's "Note Book," Dec. 2, 1640, Lord Gray is described as saying of one Hallford or Holford "that he is no gent; that in memory of divers he kept hogs." The cognate word gemman can be traced about a century earlier.—Notes and Queries.

A TAME BUTTERFLY.

How It Was Kept, Trained and Fed For Several Months.

The butterfly seems to be born and to die three times, but it is only a case of progressive development, accomplished in the midst of an apparent torpor. The caterpillar already contains the rudiments of all the forms that it is to take on in succession. The anatomist discovers in it three creatures, one incased within the other, and the third is enveloped in a double winding sheet, which it finally throws off, to appear in all its beauty.

One cold, bleak November morning, when all nature wore the sullen aspect of the English climate at that season, a lady who had just risen from a bed of sickness went into an adjoining apartment, where she was astonished and delighted to perceive a beautiful butterfly in the window. As the sun came out for a brief bright space it fluttered joyously about the window and imparted to the sickroom an air of cheerfulness and hope. Toward evening the tiny creature dropped its wings, and the lady placed it in a glass tumbler on the mantelpiece. During the night a hard frost came on, the room was very cold and in the morning the butterfly lay in the bottom of the tumbler apparently dead. The invalid, grieved that her gentle companion of the previous day should so soon perish, made some effort to restore its fragile existence. She put it in her own warm hand, and, breathing upon it, perceived that it gave signs of returning animation. She then once more placed it in the glass tumbler on the rug before the fire.

Soon the little insect spread out its many colored wings and flew to the window, where the sun was shining bright. By and by, when the sun retired, the window panes grew cold, and the butterfly sank down on the carpet again, apparently lifeless. The same means were used to restore animation and with the same success.

This alternation of life and death went on for many days till at last the little thing became quite tame and seemed to be acquainted with its benefactress. When she went to the window and held out her finger, it would of its own accord hop upon it. Sometimes it would settle for an hour at a time upon her hand or her neck when she was reading or writing.

Its food consisted of honey, a drop of which the lady would put upon her hand, when the butterfly would unourl its sucker and gradually sip it up; then it usually sipped a drop of water in the same way. The feeding took place only once in three or four days.

In this manner its existence was prolonged through the whole winter and part of the following spring. As it approached the end of its career its wings became quite transparent and its spirits apparently dejected. It would rest quietly in the tumbler even when the sun was wooing it to come out, and at last, one morning in April, it was found dead.

By the transformations of the butterfly the imaginative Greeks typified the change that takes place in man when the soul passes from its earthly existence, enters upon a spiritual life and realizes the glories and splendors of a happy immortality.—Our Animal Friends.

EARLY DAYS IN THE WEST.

A Reminder of One Sad Incident Is Found In the Form of a Cross.

Travelers over the dreary stretch of Nevada desert traversed by the Central Pacific railroad come upon the reminder of a sad little romance near the eastern boundary of the Silver State.

In the early twilight of the eastern trip, or an hour after dawn on the western, it can be seen, gleaming from the hillside in the form of a simple wooden cross standing on the hillside. The cross is whitewashed and the youngest and most sharp sighted of the tourists can decipher the legend in black across the horizontal part, "Maiden's Rest."

The cross marks the grave of two lovely young women who died in an emigrant camp before the Central Pacific had united the east and west by its strong bands of steel. They were sisters, Alice and Rose Sewall. Their father, a hale country grocer, was a victim of that contagion known in 1849 as the California gold fever, and was en route in a prairie schooner for the goldfields on the western slope of the Sierras when the girls sickened and died. Alice clung to life with a pitiable grasp. Her lover was one of the company of Iowa emigrants, and the young couple had rosy dreams of the future home in the land beside the Pacific. Wrestling in the throes of fever, she would pray for recovery. She died with her arms about her lover's neck and with her prayer for life echoing in his ears.

Rose lingered days afterward until the fever fiend had racked her frame beyond hope of aught but rest. It was rest she prayed for as she was dying and she found it in the grave beside her sister on the sun kissed hill on the border line of Utah and Nevada. It was an invitation to the red savages of the western wilds to mark the graves of the dead in that later reign of terror. There was nothing, therefore, but memory as a guide to their resting place when ten years later a friend of the dead girls and their father and the young man who had sincerely mourned Alice's loss visited the spot again.

The old man and the young had met death instead of fortune in the smiling new land that was so cruel to many of her guests. The friend was returning from the goldfields a poorer and wiser man, and he stopped on the border line of Nevada to pay a last poor tribute to the memory of the young women who had given up their lives there. The rough pine boxes were resting where they had been lowered a decade before. The friend's purse was a very light one and he could do no more than erect a cross fashioned by his own hands.—St. Louis Republic.

Linnæus and Cuvier were the fathers of ornithology, each classifying the birds, according to structure and peculiarities, into six orders.

A Splendid Clue.

He was a young and briefless attorney who had been genteely starving to death in a down town skyscraper for several years. The other afternoon a stranger wandered into the office, evidently by mistake. He held a slip of paper in his hand and said hesitatingly that he was "looking for a lawyer by the name of ——."

"Ah, yes, certainly, sir. Sit down," said the excited young attorney.

"Well, you see it's this way, mister," began the caller. "I've been sued by a feller out in Cicero. Between you and me, I hain't got any case at all, but I've got enough money to make a fight and I'm goin to do it."

"My dear sir," cried the lawyer, grasping the visitor by both hands, "don't say another word. You have the best case I have ever seen."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Throwing the Dart.

According to ancient history "throwing the dart" was one of the five exercises practiced by the Greeks, the other four exercises being wrestling, running, leaping and throwing the discus, or quoit. It is believed that this sort of combat was decided in one day, and sometimes the same morning, and that to obtain the prize, which was single, it was required that the combatant should be the victor in all those exercises.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female, It relieves retension of water and pain. In passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and tak no other. †

"LOCK YOUR BARN DOOR"

BEFORE YOUR HORSE IS STOLEN. DON'T wait till it is too late, but get your lock, hinges and fittings in good order, at a reasonable expense, by purchasing them from J. W. MURCHISON, who always keeps a large assortment of all kinds of STABLE HARDWARE, HINGES, LOCKS, SHOVELS, SPADES, HAY KNIVES, CUTTING MACHINES, PITCHFORKS, etc.

See our PENINSULAR STEEL RANGE, the best on earth. A full line of Cooking and Heating Stoves always on hand.

Our line of AGATE WARE is the largest and most varied in the city.

Give us a call and we will please you.

J. W. MURCHISON,
jan 1 tf ORTON BUILDING.

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. RIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

Livery and Sales Stables

Open All Day and All Night EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

First-Class Equipment In Every Branch.

Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

HORSES BOARDED.

Furniture Wagons with Careful Drivers.

S. P. COWAN & CO.,

Second between Princess and Chesnut Streets Telephones, both companies, No. 15. jan 1 tf

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

jan 21 1y

1898 1898

A HAPPY NEW YEAR.

We wish to begin the New Year with clean books. All accounts with us are made out and are due on the first of the year. We hope all persons indebted to us will come forward and settle promptly.

We wish our many customers a Happy New Year, and beg a continuance of their patronage.

Respectfully,

A. D. BROWN.

No. 29 North Front Street.
jan 1 tf

The Morning Star.

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

Note the following Reduced Rates of Subscription:

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
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WILMINGTON, N. C.

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When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America.

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

Balance of Stock of Christmas Goods Less Than Cost.

PARTIES BUYING PRESENTS FOR CHRISTMAS ENTERTAINMENTS WILL DO WELL TO SEE US.

THE GREATEST BARGAINS IN CAPES.

$ 3.00	PLUSH CAPES,	$2.25
5.00	" "	3.00
7.50	" "	4.25
10.00	" "	6.50

CAPES, Trimmed with Braid and Fur, 50c up.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
jan 1 tf NEAR FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.

Nine rich men in North Carolina out of every ten commenced life poor. They became rich by spending less than they made. No one gets rich who does not spend less than he makes. Any one will get rich who continually spends less than he makes. Every young man of ordinary ability in Wilmington can and should save something each month. The man who will not save a portion of a small salary will not save a portion of a large salary. The boy who saves something every month will be promoted before the boy who spends all he makes. True manhood is required in order to deny one's self and save. It is weakness and folly to spend all, regardless of the "rainy day."

Industry, economy and integrity cause prosperity—not "Luck" or "Good Fortune."

For reasonable interest and absolute security, deposit your savings in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

Statement of Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business Dec. 15th, 1897, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$587,834 69	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	68 33	Surplus	$50,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	20,404 01— 75,404 01
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks	$219,398 57	Total Deposits	690,691 58
Cash on hand	68,394 00—287,692 57		
Total	$940,595 59	Tota.	$940,592 59

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	Dec. 15, '95.	Dec. 15, '96.	Dec. 15, '97.
Surplus and Net Profits	$92,000	$92,400	$75,400
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jan 1 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:46 P. M., Maxton 6:12 P. M., Laurinburg 6:32 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 403 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:41 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:08 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M., Rockingham 7:59 P. M., Wadesboro 8:13 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:35 P. M., Athens 3:45 A. M., and Atlanta 6:30 A. M. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:10 P. M., Richmond 8:56 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M. Arrives Weldon 11:10 P. M., Raleigh 2.07 A. M., Sanford 8:35 A. M., Hamlet 5:10 A. M., Rockingham 5:23 A. M., Wadesboro 5:54 A. M., Monroe 6:43 A. M., Charlotte 7:50 A. M., Lincolnton 10:30 A. M., Shelby 11:18 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:15 P. M., Atlanta 3:50 P. M. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:58 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta, 1:00 P. M. Arrives Athens 3:16 P. M., Monroe 9:30 P. M. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 P. M., arrives Shelby 5:55 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M., Wadesboro 10:31 P. M., Rockingham 11:05 P. M., Hamlet 11:20 P. M., Sanford 1:02 A. M., Raleigh 2:16 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:35 A. M., Richmond 8:18 A. M., Washington 12:31 noon. Pullman Sleepers, Atlanta to Washington and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M., arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 7:00 A. M., arrives Hamlet 7:50 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M., arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M., arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices, Portsmouth Va. sep 29 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect January 23rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 25 "
Leave Sanford	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 56 "
Leave Greensboro	12 17 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 45 "
Leave Sanford	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 15 "
Leave Climax	4 25 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 10 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent. jan 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN.....Saturday, Jan. 22
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Jan. 29

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Jan. 22
CROATAN.....Saturday, Jan. 29

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Jan. 25
CROATAN.....Tuesday, Feb. 1

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

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Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. jan 21 tf

If It's Worth Printing the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal Will Print It.

And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscellany, Poetry, all matters of special interest in the home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

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Daily and Sunday, 1 year.....8.00
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jan 1 tf

Holiday Presents

FOR GENTLEMEN. WHAT IS MORE DESirable than a nice stiff or soft Hat or an Umbrella? Then go to HAMME, THE HATTER. Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.
jan 1 tf 16 North Front Street.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect January 17, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M.: No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.02 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.05 A. M., Wilson 12.55 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.40 P. M., Tarboro 2.48 P. M., Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.22 P. M., Richmond 7.15 P. M., Norfolk 6.05 P. M., Washington 11.30 P.M. Baltimore 1.06 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.15 P. M: No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 P. M., Warsaw 9.10 P. M., Goldsboro 10.10 P. M., Wilson 11.06 P. M., *Tarboro 6.45 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.57 P. M., Weldon 1.42 A. M., *Norfolk 10.30 A. M., Petersburg 3.14 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.41 A. M., Baltimore 9.08 A. M., Philadelphia 11.25 A. M., New York 2.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M.: No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P. M.: No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 P. M., Chadbourn 5.41 P. M., Marion 6.43 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.10 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.50 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 8.35 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M.: No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 P. M., *New York 9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 †A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 7.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 8.40 †A. M., Weldon 11.52 A. M., Tarboro 12.12 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.47 P. M., Wilson 2.27 P. M., Goldsboro 3.20 P. M., Warsaw 4.11 P. M., Magnolia 4.34 P. M.

DAILY 9.30 A. M.: No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.01 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.22 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.53 A. M. Magnolia 8.05 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M.: No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M.: No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 8.27 P. M., Jacksonville 7.40 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Columbia 6.00 A. M., Atlanta 8.30 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Sumter 8.08 A. M., Florence 9.58 A. M., Marion 10.36 A. M., Chadbourn 11.38 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.09. P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 5.53 P. M., Halifax 4.30 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 A. M.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8.30 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 P. M.; arrives Nashville 5.05 P. M., Spring Hope 5.30 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 A. M., Nashville 8.35 A. M.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, Daily except Sunday, at 11.30 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M.; arrive Latta 10.26 A. M., Dillon 10.38 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.13 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.33 P. M., Latta 6.46 P. M., Pee Dee 7.10 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.43 A. M.; arrive Conway 2.08 P. M.; leave Conway 2.45 P. M., Chadbourn 5.45 P. M.; arrive Hub 6.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.27 P. M., Manning 6.58 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.36 P. M. leave Lane's 8.32 A. M., Manning 9.08 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.37 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.35 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.14 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3 P. M. arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M., 5.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.55 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.28 A. M., Cheraw 11.40 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.35 P. M., Hartsville 9.21 P. M., Bennettsville 9.21 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only at 9.55 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.27 A. M., Hartsville 11.10 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except sunday at 6.35 A. M., Bennettsville 6.59 A. M., arrive Darlington 7.50 A. M. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday at 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.46 A. M.; leave Darlington 8.35 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.30 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Darlington 6.39 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Hartsville Sunday only at 8.15 A. M., Darlington 9.00 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.30 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.30 P. M., 11.16 P. M.; arrive Selma 3.15 P. M., Smithfield 3.39 P. M., Dunn 4.00 P. M., Fayetteville 4.47 P. M., 1.14 A. M., Rowland 6.13 P. M.; returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.18 P. M. 10.15 P. M., Dunn 1.01 P. M., Smithfield 1.30 P. M., Selma 1.47 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 12.00 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING JAN. 28, 1898

INTERESTING FROM HAVANA.

Radical Spaniards Say Blanco Has Betrayed Cause of Spain —Their Hatred Intense.

INTERVENTION IS FEARED.

The Arrival of the Maine Regarded by Spaniards as the First Step Toward Intervention by the United States —Americans Greatly Relieved.

[Copyrighted by James Gordon Bennett, 1898.]
[Special to the Baltimore Sun.]

HAVANA, CUBA, (VIA KEY WEST, FLA.,) January 26.—The last ripple of visible excitement attending the arrival of the Maine has died away this morning, and the ship, as she lies at anchor, attracts no more attention than any other vessel in the harbor.

The papers made the briefest possible allusion to her arrival, and *La Union Constitutional*, Conservative organ, prints a Washington dispatch to the effect that the visit of the Maine to Havana is merely an act of courtesy, showing the friendly feelings to Spain and to counteract the anti-Spanish utterances in Congress. *La Union* adds that the visit will be returned by Spanish ships to American ports.

In spite of this there is a strong undercurrent of feeling in Havana, as evidenced by the excited talking last night of angry groups assembled in the cafes. The general impression among radical Spaniards is that the cause of Spain has been betrayed by the Blanco government and the nation has been humiliated by what they regard as the first step in the direction of American intervention.

This has intensified the hatred held for General Blanco and his associates and for the cause of autonomy, and this hatred may at any moment find vent in an outbreak of fury, in which case members of the Government may be forced to depend for their personal safety on the Maine, for, while the peril is obvious, the troops concentrated during the riots have been dispersed and no new precautions have been taken.

The arrival of the Maine created enthusiasm among Americans, who realize that the long period of suspense has passed, and that safety is now absolutely assured.

Up to the present time no one here knows what precipitated the sudden dispatch of sailing orders to the Maine at Dry Tortugas on Monday night. Captain Sigsbee says he has not the remotest idea why he was sent, but that he was not much surprised when the Dupont arrived from Key West with orders to start without a moment's delay. Being in total ignorance of the situation, he had no conception as to what sort of reception to expect. He approached the harbor from the westward, partly for the purpose of inspecting the Spanish batteries and watching for any hostile demonstration, and partly for the purpose of displaying the flag and character of the Maine, so as to give the authorities ashore an opportunity to make preparations and avoid a panic, which might have been precipitated by the Maine's sudden appearance. The battle ship was prepared for any emergency. After picking up a pilot the Maine went rapidly up the harbor to a berth near the Spanish flagship.

Radicals here say General Blanco is playing his last card in his present visit to the eastern provinces for the purpose, it is said, of attempting to induce Generals Rabi and Salvador Rios to lay down their arms. Both these men refused to surrender at the close of the last war, and the Cubans believe them incorruptible. Before leaving Havana on Monday General Blanco, it is known, drew from the treasury $380,000.

The Spanish account of the victory of General Castellanos and the capture of the headquarters of the rebel government in the town of Esperanza is now proved to be a fabrication. There is no such town as Esperanza near Cubitas. The name of the town founded and occupied as the capital by the rebel government is Agramonte. Spanish troops are unable to get near this place, being repulsed in the mountains and forced to retire with a heavy loss.

TENNESSEE DEADLOCK.

Another Ballot Taken for U. S. Senator Without Result.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN. January 27.—The legislative joint convention met to-day, and took another ballot for United States Senator. The Republican members cast their vote for E. J. Sanford, of Knoxville. The Democratic vote was scattered as at the previous session.

There being no election, the convention adjourned until to-morrow.

The Democratic Senatorial caucus met to-night and again failed to make a nomination for U. S. Senator. There were twelve ballots taken, the last standing—McMillin, 35; Taylor, 29; Turley, 26.

The indications for breaking the deadlock and making a nomination are less favorable than at any time since the balloting began.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

Activity in Eastern Cotton Cloths a Strengthening Factor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Reports from dry goods stores showed fair returns in all jobbing lines, but quiet trading at first hands. In cottons the demand is still delayed, and in woollen goods there is still a desire to "shop" for bargains. Both markets are firm, pending a general advance, and sellers in all grades are hard to deal with. The activity in the Eastern cotton cloth market has been a strengthening factor in the market, and the advance in cloths has helped the situation locally very materially. The quota of buyers is fairly large, but as yet these visiting representatives prefer to get their prices than to enter actual business deals, except for very small and scattering lots of goods.

Good times have come to those whom Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured of scrofula, catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak nerves or some other form of impure blood. †

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient. †

MARKEDLY POLITE AND FRIENDLY.

American Officers in Havana Exchanging Courtesies With the Spanish Authorities.

WARSHIPS FLYING COLORS.

Cuban General Aranguren Killed—Spanish Fleet to Concentrate—Minister Woodford's Residence in Madrid Under Surveillance.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, January 27.—Captain Sigsbee, of the United States warship Maine, accompanied by Consul General Lee and Lieutenants Howard and Haleman, of the Maine, paid a visit to-day to General Parrado, the acting Captain General, who received them courteously and cordially. They expressed themselves as well satisfied with the interview. To-morrow morning at 10 o'clock, General Parrado, accompanied by Consul General Lee, will return the visit on board the Maine.

General Blanco has arrived at Manzanillo, where he has been formally received by the authorities and by the autonomist committee. Large crowds turned out on his arrival. General Blanco visited the hospitals, the forts and the barracks.

Reports from Remedios say that many families of the reconcentrados are lying about in a most wretched condition, no one giving them any relief.

The warships in the port are flying colors in honor of the birthday of Emperor William. Artillery General Fuente to-day visited the German school-ship Gneisenav.

The Ward Line steamer Seneca, which reached port to-day, brought a consignmen tof provisions for the destitute, which has been turned over to Consul General Lee.

The Conservative municipality of Colon, in Matanzas province, has appointed autonomist officials.

At noon to-day Lieutenant Colonel Benedicto, with the Spanish Reina battalion, surprised near Tapaste, this province, the camp of the insurgent Brigadier General Nestor Aranguren, killing Aranguren and four privates, capturing five of the insurgents and wounding others who made their escape. The body of Brigadier General Aranguren was brought by train to Havana this afternoon and delivered to the military authorities. After identification it was sent to the morgue.

According to the Spanish authorities Brigadier General Aranguren was surprised while on a visit to a young woman on the Pita farm between Campo Florida and Tapiste. He was wounded, and on trying to escape was shot dead. Among the prisoners is the father of the young woman. He was the dynamiter of Aranguren's band.

The Spanish Fleet.

MADRID, January 27.—Ex-Minister Canale Jesus, the Emparcial announces, has arrived at Cadiz from Havana, (having visited the United States and Cuba to study the political situation) and has expressed a pessimistic view of the duration of the war, declaring the insurgents have the means to greatly prolong their resistance in the mountains.

Admiral Bermejo, the Minister of Marine, has ordered the fleet to concentrate at Cadiz. A trans-Atlantic steamer will be chartered to supply the ships with coal and stores.

A local newspaper asserts that measures have been taken to keep United States Minister Woodford's residence "under surveillance."

LONDON, January 27.—The Madrid correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says "it has been decided that the whole Spanish fleet shall concentrate at Havana, though not immediately unless circumstances demand."

MADRID, January 27.—The public prosecutor demands a sentence upon Lieutenant General Weyler of two months' imprisonment.

MADRID, January 27.—United States Minister Woodford's note, announcing the cruise of the Maine and the reply of the foreign minister, Senor Gullon, intimating that a Spanish war vessel will visit America, are both couched in markedly polite and friendly terms.

It has been decided to send the first class cruiser Infantia Maria Teresa to America instead of the Vizcaya, because the latter's commanding officer, Captain Concas, in the course of a lecture before the Madrid Geographical Society, in 1896, censured the United States in a manner that provoked the American minister, Hannis Taylor, to demand an explanation.

The Infantia Maria Teresa, which was in New York harbor at the Grant mausoleum ceremony, is an armored cruiser (barbette) of 7,000 tons displacement. She was built in 1890 at a cost of 600,000 pounds $3,000,000. She has a complement of 500 men and her normal coal supply is 1,200 tons. She is 340 feet long and 65 feet in the beam. She carries two 11-inch guns, ten 5.5-inch (all Honoria) guns, eight 2.2-inch quick-firing guns, eight 4-inch guns, two Maxim and six torpedo tubes.

THE ANNUAL BANQUET.

National Association of Manufacturers of the United States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 27.—The third annual banquet of the National Association of Manufacturers of the United States, which was served to-night at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, was one of the largest and most elaborate affairs of the kind ever given in this city. One thousand guests were seated at the tables.

The wildest enthusiasm prevailed when President McKinley was introduced. Men stood in their seats; women in the boxes waved their handkerchiefs and the uproar drowned the speaker's voice. The cheering and clapping of hands were redoubled when a toast was drunk to the President. President McKinley spoke slowly and was plainly heard in every portion of the hall.

EWART APPOINTED.

To Be District Court Judge for the Western District.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The President to-day appointed Hamilton Glover Ewart, of North Carolina, to be District Judge for the Western district of North Carolina.

PITCHER'S
CASTORIA
THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT
Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. 35 cents wrapper.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Continuation of Debate in the Senate Upon the Teller Resolution and Amendments.

FINAL VOTE TO BE TO-DAY.

Senator Daniel's Argument—A Political Discussion in the House—The Indian Appropriation Bill Passed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 27.—To-morrow at 6. P. M., the Senate will vote upon the Teller resolutino and the pending amendments thereto. When the Senate to-day took up the resolution the agreement made last week that the final vote upon it should be taken before adjournment to-day was changed in order that all Senators might have an opportunity to speak. To-morrow's session will begin at 10 A. M. and after 2 P. M. the speeches will be confined to fifteen minutes each. To-day's session continued for more than six hours, the resolution being under discussion practically the entire session.

After the agreement to vote to-morrow had been reached Senator Daniel resumed his speech begun last evening. He made a legal argument in support of the pending resolution, holding that the law never contemplated giving to the Government's creditor the option as to the kind of money he was to be paid. The creditor would naturally pick that dollar which was the most valuable to him, but if he did not know which he would receive he would do his utmost to maintain the parity of all dollars.

Ever since the passage of the resolution a score of years ago it had stood as law, unchallenged and unassailed. Senator Daniel then enumerated the great men who supported the resolution in 1878, beginning with the distinguished author, Stanley Matthews, and concluding with the present President of the United States. He thought, therefore, that attacks upon the honorable motives of the supporters of the resolution now were ill-timed and unwarranted. He quoted from a speech delivered by Mr. McKinley at Toledo in 1890, in which he sharply criticised President Cleveland for dishonoring one of the precious metals, discrediting silver and enhancing the price of gold. "Was Mr. McKinley palming off namby pamby nonsense upon the country, as the Senator from Connecticut (Platt) would have us believe?" asked Senator Daniel.

Senator Daniel read a letter written by former Senator, now Secretary of State, John Sherman, in which he denounced as a repudiationist and extortioner one who demands money in liquidation more valuable than he gave for it. He also quoted Oliver P. Morton as declaring it to be a "foul injustice" upon the country to pay the Government bond-holders, who secured the bulk of the bonds for about sixty cents on the dollar, in better money than they paid for them.

After reviewing and analyzing at length the financial legislation of the past quarter of a century, Senator Daniel said that Congress ought to keep the pledges of both the Republican and Democratic parties to discharge Government obligations in the legal tender of the country. Thus alone, he thought, could the United States build up an independent system of finance and escape from the clutches of Wall street and Downing street.

"I would not repudiate a single dollar of the Government's indebtedness, in the money of the country, provided by law, but I stand here to support the Constitution of the United States and the statutes enacted by many of the ablest and most honorable men of the country."

In conclusion Senator Daniel paid an eloquent tribute to the Democratic party.

Senator Lodge followed Senator Daniel. He said he did not expect to add much to the sum of information and misinformation on the subject before the Senate, but he desired to express his opinions and his reasons for offering one of the amendments which he had presented, and upon which he would ask the Senate to vote. That amendment was originally offered to the Stanley Matthews resolution by Senator Edmunds, of Vermont. He held that it was a point well made then and believed it to be even more distinctly applicable now.

He held that the country was confronted with two propositions, one of which it would have to accept. Either the existing gold standard must be maintained or the country must authorize free silver coinage. The latter alternative means, said he, the disappearance of gold from circulation and the placing of the country upon a silver basis.

The Senate adjourned at 6.50 P. M., on motion of Senator Vest, of Missouri, until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, January 27.—The House to-day finally succeeded in passing the Indian Appropriation bill and the political debate which has been raging since Monday was transferred to the District of Columbia bill which followed it.

When the House went into committee of the whole for the consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill, Mr. Hartman, Silver Republican, Montana, got the floor on a proforma amendment, and for fifteen minutes he held the attention of the House in a speech denouncing the Republican party for its position on the financial question. He ridiculed Secretary Gage's definition of bimetallism in the latter's speech at Philadelphia on Tuesday. The Republican party, he said, foreclosed its right to use the term bimetallism when the St Louis platform was adopted.

Mr. Hartman said he knew that many Republicans were opposed to the retirement of the greenbacks. "But," said he, "what will they do about it when the banking and currency committee report the bill to retire the greenbacks? If we may judge the future by the past, there is little doubt of the result. "This is no longer a House of Representatives," he cried in stentorian tones, "it is a House of Registers—it is a house to register the will of those who control it." Mr. Hartman proceeded to give an account of a chapter of history, a "miserable scene," he denominated it, which occurred in 1894, when the bond bill was before the House.

"In this House," he continued, "we should change the oath. Instead of taking an oath to support, protect and defend the constitution of the United States and perform our duties to the best of our abilities, we should at the opening of each session swear to support, protect and defend the constitution provided we can obtain the consent of the leading nations of the earth and to perform our duties if the Speaker will permit us so to do."

Again Mr. Hartman adverted to the mutterings he had heard in the cloak rooms against the tyranny exercised by the Speaker.

"I am afraid the gentleman from Montana has got his cloak rooms mixed," interposed Mr. Quigg, Republican, New York.

"Perhaps I have," retorted Mr. Hartman, "but I give notice that those who are mixing their cloak rooms now will do so in 1898 and 1900 and triumph eventually upon the declarations of the Chicago platform and under the leadership of William J. Bryan." [Prolonged Democratic and Populist applause.]

Mr. Barrett, Republican, Massachusetts, followed with some criticism of the House rules under which he asserted the legislative functions of the Government had been transferred to the Senate end of the capitol.

Mr. DeArmond, Democrat, Missouri, criticised the Cuban policy of the administration and with fine sarcasm ridiculed the official explanation of the visit of the battleship Maine to Havana harbor. This drew from Mr. Dolliver, Republican, Iowa, an eloquent reply.

The bill then passed.

After the passage of the Indian Appropriation bill the House took up the District of Columbia Appropriation bill. The bill carries $5,509,106, being $2,474,417 less than the estimates and $557,954 less than the current law.

The general debate on this bill drifted quickly into the question as to whether prosperity had come with the Dingley law.

Mr. Grosvenor, Republican, of Ohio, as the latest evidence of prosperity called attention to the ten per cent. per ton advance in wages of coal miners agreed upon at Chicago yesterday. That increase, he said, affected 200,000 miners.

Mr. Swanson, Democrat, of Virginia, submitted some remarks on the situation in the cotton industry, North and South, attributing the depression in the South to the excessively high tariff duties.

At 5.05 P. M. the House adjourned.

THE BIG WHEAT DEAL.

Chicago Combination Claims to Own Every Bushel of the Surplus In This Country.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, January, 27.—"Basing our estimate on the Government figures, we think we own every bushel of surplus wheat in this country." George F. French, the active manager of the big wheat combination, was speaking for himself and Joseph Leiter, who is the visible head of the clique.

He said: According to the most reliable estimates obtainable we think there is not more than 15,000,000 bushels of wheat unaccounted for. Scattered over the different parts of the country we have holdings of at least that amount, so we can safely claim to have possession of all the surplus.

"The situation is simply this," declared Mr. French. "Everything goes to show that this country has sent abroad more than its exportable surplus. We think wheat has been over exported to the extent of 15,000,000 or 20,000,000 bushels and that the United States is the country in which to sell."

IN A SANITARIUM.

Hallie Erminie Rives, the Young Southern Authoress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 27.—Hallie Erminie Rives, the young Southern authoress and cousin of Princess Trebetzkoi, formerly Mrs. Amelie Rives Chanler, is a patient at the sanitarium in Brooklyn. Unnerved by hostile criticism of her recent work, "Smoking Flax," and overtaxed by the effort to get out another volume dealing with Southern problems, she was removed from the Waldorf yesterday and taken to a sanitarjum for treatment and rest. Her doctor hopes that Miss Rives will be convalescent within a week or two, but thinks she needs a long rest. In "Smoking Flax" Miss Rives defended lynch law in the South.

FALL RIVER COTTON MILLS.

The Difficulties in Nearly All Practically Settled.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., January 27.—The strike interest in this city now centers in the situation at the King Philip mills, the difficulties in the other mills having been practically settled. The surrender of the frame spinners at the Fall River Iron Works Company's mills ended the only other strike of large proportions, and at the Sagamore the places of the discontented employes have so far been filled as to practically end the difficulty there.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

The Lower House Has Called Upon Senator Lindsay to Resign,

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, January 27.—A special to the *Post* from Frankfort, Ky., says:

After a heated debate this morning, the lower house of the Kentucky Legislature adopted, a substitute resolution offered by Representative Nelson of Hardin, calling upon United States Senator William Lindsay to resign if he cannot support the Chicago platform.

WARM WIRELETS

A London cable says a majority of the engineers have voted in favor of accepting the terms of the employers. The exact figures have not been divulged but the proportion is said to be 25,000 in favor of acceptance to 11,000 against it.

Captain Matt O'Brien, United States supervising inspector of steam vessels at New Orleans, is dead. He was one of the few remaining figures of the Confederate navy, having served on the Sumter, the Shenandoah and the Alabama.

The Naval Appropriation bill, now being framed by a House sub-committee, will contain three important items, namely, $1,000,000 for smokeless powder, $500,000 for reserve ammunition, and $93,000 for the establishment of a government powder factory.

The Wheeling, W. Va., Iron and Steel Company posted notices of a reduction running from 10 to 20 per cent. in the wages of all their plate mill hands. The men threw down their tools at once and closed the mill, throwing 400 men out of work.

The Vienna correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* says it is reported that the Kurds are devastating Armenian villages in the neighborhood of Russian Vilayots and that the Armenians are retaliating. The correspondent adds that there "is complete anarchy in the Asiatic province of Turkey."

Fourth-class postmasters have been appointed as follows in North Carolina: Balsam, Mrs. Ida M. Gidney; Brower's Mills, Dempsey Auman; Cedar Hill, Albert E. Hendley; Defiance, Edward T. Miller; Hodge, Wm. G. Deviny; Lytton, W. J. Cashett; Moser, Robert S. Badgett; Patterson Springs, Mrs. Ella Goode.

RAILROAD MEN ARE IN RALEIGH.

Hearing in the Matter of Reduction of Passenger Rates by Railway Commission.

THE UNIVERSITY TRUSTEES.

Leave of Absence Granted President Alderman—His Annual Report—M. C. S. Noble Elected Professor of Pedagogics.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 27.

The hearing of the matter of reduction of passenger rates on the Seaboard, Southern aad Atlantic Coast Line railways was taken up this morning by the Railway Commission. There is a large attendance of prominent railway men. Vice President E. St. John and General Superintendent McBee of the Seaboard are present. Warren G. Elliott is here for the Coast Line. The Southern is represented by Col. Andrews, Second Vice President Finley, General Passenger Agent Turk, Fairfax Harrison of New York, the general counsel of the road, and Col. Henderson and Mr. Busbee, associate counsel.

The case of the Southern was first taken up. The answer of the Southern, which is a lengthy and voluminous document, was read by Fairfax Harrison. It shows that passenger rates are lower in North Carolina than in many States in the Union. The answer states that the Southern could not stand a reduction in a State so sparsely populated as North Carolina. It goes on to show that the reduction of the passenger rate to 2½ cents would cut the revenues of the company $195,000. The Southern says a reduction of rates would impair the present service, as schedules could not be maintained as now.

The trustees of the University are in session to-day. President Alderman presented his annual report to the board. It shows that there are 501 students enrolled at the institution to date. The income of the University last year was about $50,000.

The trustees granted Dr. Alderman, the President of the University, a leave of absence of three months abroad. Dr. Alderman goes for the purpose of physical recreation and to spend his time in Europe in such a way as to promote the larger interests of the University. He will sail directly for Gibraltar.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Atlantic Coast Line did not file a written answer to the Commission's notice citing the company to show cause why passenger rates should not be reduced. Mr. T. M. Emerson addressed the Commission in behalf of the Atlantic Coast Line. He said the company was running local passenger trains at a loss, and that if the rates were reduced they would be forced to impair the efficiency of the present service. Mr. Warren. G Elliott was examined and stated that he would produce the records of passes and to whom issued by the Atlantic Coast Line upon request, if the Commission dealt "fairly and legitimately with him."

The Seaboard Air Line filed a lengthy answer. Mr. E. St. John, put on the stand, said the Seaboard could not stand a reduction; he said he saw no objection to furnishing a list of passes, and to whom issued, if requested.

The University Trustees

elected Prof. M. C. S. Noble Professor of Pedagogics, at a salary of two thousand dollars. The election of an Assistant Law Professor was deferred until June.

Henry Weil, of Goldsboro, gives a scholarship for the next term.

Prof. Gore is made Dean of the faculty during Dr. Alderman's absence abroad.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. Bellamy †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found' Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Housekeepers Take Notice—Fine lot of Turkeys just received. If you are in need of A 1 Country Sausage, Liver Pudding, Chickens, Eggs, etc., etc., call on me. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. jan 23 tf

Ladies Wanted to travel and appoint agents for old established house. Permanent position; $40 per month and all expenses. Z., Box 82, Philadelphia, Pa. de 18 D&W tf

Automatic Oil Can—Most complete can made. Shuts itself off when full. Fill your lamp in dark without the possibility of spilling the oil. Privilege of handling to one man in each town. A good thing for the right man. Wilmington people can buy direct from us. S. L. Smith & Son, manufacturers, Wilmington, N. C. jan 23 1m

M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is prepared to handle all classes of Country Produce, and solicits the same. Beef, Cattle and Milch Cows a specialty. jan 22 tf

Notice of Removal—I have removed from 17 Princess street to 105 Princess street, where all my patrons will find prompt and polite attention. Remember Hair Cut or Shampoo costs you only 10 cents. Wm. Tienkon. jan 20 tf

Steamer Crocsus for sale, also Boilers for land or boat use, cheap. Walter Taft. jan 19 7t

Notice—I will lend you Money, or stand your Bond—Houses and Lots for sale on installments of 50c and up. Aquila J. Marshall, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 214 Princess Street. jan 16 1 m

H. J. Bierman, the wide awake Commission Merchant, handles everything in the produce line; also Hides, Furs, Wool, Wax, Pork, Beef, etc., 105 South Front street. Best stand in the city. Give him a trial. jan 5 tf

Money Made and time saved by new process for Parching Peanuts. I can roast large quantities at a time. It will pay you to let me roast for you. Write for particulars. A. E. Blake Wilmington, N. C. de 23 tf

Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Big Hominy, N. C. Head Rice, Choice Hay, and all kinds of Feed; lowest prices. Jno. S. McEachern. Bell Phone 92, Inter-State Phone No. 92. de 9 tf

Hayden, D. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

Photographs.—For finest quality, latest styles, best material, finest finish, lowest prices, call on U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Cloudy weather makes no difference. oc 29 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 113 Second street. Phone 308. sep 21 tf

OHIO BRIBERY CASE.

Representatives Otis to be Examined To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., January 27.—Chairman Burk could not get all the members of the Senate committee investigating the alleged bribery charge together this afternoon and a session of the committee will be held some time Friday, when Representative Otis will be examined. Attorney T. C. Campbell will also be placed on the stand if he is in the city. The committee expects to finish the examination of witnesses this week.

A dispatch from Odessa says: A hurricane has worked great devastation in this district. Whole villages have been devastated and the damage to shipping is immense.

500 Vaccine Points to Arrive This Morning.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

jan 15 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Some send to Cammeyer's, others send elsewhere for what they need in SHOES, while all can save themselves money by buying at home. We have Val. Dutenhofer & Son's Ladies' Shoes at the uniform price of $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. This line is unexcelled. We carry Mundell's Children Shoes at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50; besides many cheaper grades in all kinds. We sell a splendid line of Gent's Shoes also. We invite you to inspect our stock and WEAR OUR SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess streets. jan 22 tf

Put at the Head

OF YOUR

New Year's Resolutions

that hereafter you will buy your

Drugs and Toilet

Articles From

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

jan 1 tf Y. M. C. A. Building.

We Have on Hand

A Complete and Varied

Stock of Fresh Groceries.

Canned Goods,
Grain, Hay,
Lime, Cement,
Nails, &c.

Excellent Seed Oats.

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 1 tf

A POINTER

to those who don't know—is that we keep all kinds of game in season, besides beef in addition to our fresh and choice supply of everything in meats and poultry. We carry nothing but the best fed, fat and juicy meats, which we prepare for the table in good style. Our ham, sausage and bacon make a tempting morsel these cold mornings.

I. B. RHODES.

jan 22 tf Front Street Market.

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLings for rent.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate se 6 tf

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms, water and good yard room in rear

D. O'CONNOR,

an 11 tf Real Estate Agent.

PLUMBING!

We Have Added This Line to Our Business,

—AND WITH—

MODERATE PRICES AND GOOD WORK,

We hope to receive a fair share of the public Patronage.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

jan 5 tf

WEAR THE W. B. CORSET.

SOLD ONLY BY

The C. W. Polvogt Co

Every pair warranted by us.

Do not pay fancy prices for other makes when we warrant every pair of W. B. we sell.

412—Medium and Extra Long Waist at		75c
410—Medium and Extra Long Waist at		$1 00
206—Extra Long Waist, six hook, at		1 00
439—Medium Length Waist at		1 50
164—Extra Long Waist, six hook, at		1 75
614—Extra Quality Sateen, medium length, at		2 50
401—White and Gray Nursing at		1 00
156—Abdominal, for very stout persons, at		1 50
136—Abdominal, for Young Ladies, at		75c
430—Misses Corset at		50c
Ladies and also Misses Ferris Waists at		75 and 1.00
Dr. Warner's Health Corset at		1 25

Sole Agents for the Standard Paper Patterns. Write for Fashion Sheet.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

No. 9 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 23 tf

A SHINING BEACON

The Hearth Lit Up By Our Famous Coal Casts

Its effulgence beyond the confines of the room, and the weary wayfarer finds hope and cheer in the far reaching ray. Comfort yourself, your family, and the belated pedestrian by using our high grade Coals.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

jan 1

J. A. SPRINGER & CO.

Ours Is Not Especially Thanksgiving Coal Nor Christmas Coal.

Better still, it is every day Coal, seven days to the week;

particularly adapted to good cold weather, such as we are likely to have from this time on.

For HIGH GRADE HARD COAL, both Red Ash and White Ash, in Egg Stove, Furnace and Range sizes, well screened and promptly delivered; also, for Tennessee Lump Coal. Your orders respectfully solicited. Our Coal will not only cook turkey in great shape, but is equally as good for cooking hog and hominy.

jan 1 tf J. A. SPRINGER & CO.

STILL CUTTING THE PRICES AT 18 MARKET ST

The Best All-Wool Carpet	47½ cents.
The Best 10-Wire Tapestry Carpet	68 "
The Best Velvet Tapestry Carpet	77½ "

OUR FLOOR OIL CLOTH AT A BARGAIN.

Bed and White Flannel and Comforts and Blankets at New York Cost, for Cash. Big drive in all lines for 15 days. Call and see for yourselves.

J. J. Shepard

jan 16 tf

AT COST FOR CASH AND CASH ONLY.

NO MEMORANDA MADE OR CHARGING.

Full Line of Staple and Fine Stationery.

BLANK BOOKS, TYPE WRITERS' SUPPLIES, &c., &c.

EVERYTHING AT COST FOR CASH.

MYERS & LEWIS,

jan 21 tf N. E. Corner Front and Market Streets.

CORN AND HAY.

1000 Bushels Corn.
750 Bushels Oats.
240 Bales Hay.
700 Bushels Meal.
40 Bags Wheat Bran.
50 Roll Paper Cutters.
128 Rolls Manilla Paper.
50 Coils Rope.
50 Bundles Twine.
130 Boxes Ball Cotton.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, jan 23 tf Wilmington, N. C

Ask Your Druggist

ABOUT IT AND GET

A BOTTLE TO-DAY,

You May Need It To-Night,

PYXIS CROUP REMEDY.

Always pleasant, safe, certain.

jan 22 tf

LET US BOOK YOUR ORDERS FOR

Seed Potatoes,

Houlton Rose and Early Ohios.

Genuine stock. Now in transit.

Get our prices before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocer, Nut and Mulberry streets. jan 18 tf

CUT PRICES

At The Unlucky Corner

—ON—

FINE MIXED NUTS AND KERN SOAP.

N. B.—A special invoice of small Hams from 3½ to 6 lbs. in weight.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 26 tf